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Crawford



Avalanche

JUSTICE AND RIGHT

VOLUME XLIII

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OSCAR P. SCHUMANN, Editor and Proprietor

NUMBER 2

STIFF SENTENCES FOR BOOTLEGGERS

ABERNATHY PAYS FINE; McDANIELS UNABLE TO RAISE FINE GOES TO PRISON.

Circuit Court Has Two Busy Days, And Disposes of Calendar.

Quite in contrast with the penalties imposed at the October term of Circuit court upon violators of the prohibition law, were those doled out this week by Judge Smith to Jack Abernathy and Neal McDaniels, both charged with similar offenses.

Abernathy was charged with transporting, having in possession and selling intoxicating liquors. His home is in Detroit and he is employed as a railway mail clerk, operating out of that city on the Michigan Central railway to Mackinaw City. Some of the officers here state that they have evidence that Abernathy has made a business of peddling liquor here for some time. When arrested he had in his possession five quarts of whiskey. He was out of duty at the time and was registered at Shoppenagons Inn under an assumed name. Marshal Brenner was the first to spot him and he turned the matter over to the State police who made the arrest. Abernathy evidently had a lot of friends in Detroit for a number of intercessions came to the local court in his behalf. He was sentenced to pay a fine of \$500 and \$25.00 costs, and in default of payment of such fine and costs, imprisonment in Lonia for 6 months. He was given until this afternoon in which to raise the money for his fine.

McDaniels was caught with two quarts of whiskey in his possession but it was not supposed that he had purchased it to re-sell but for personal use. He was a brakeman on the Michigan Central railroad and upon his arrest was discharged. He was sentenced to pay a fine of \$450 and \$25 costs or to serve six months in the prison at Lonia. Not being able to raise the amount of his fine he will be taken to Lonia tonight.

Peter Robertson, whose case was tried in the October term of court, when the jury disagreed entered a plea of guilty at this time. Sentence was postponed in his case until the next term of court which will be held in April.

Civil and Chancery Cases.

The case of Charles Brown vs. Otto W. Roesser, in garnishment, was passed.

The case of William Milliken, vs. William Ferguson, township clerk of Beaver Creek Township, in mandamus, grew out of a difficulty brot on when Mr. Milliken, Abbey Ellis, and others did some road work and the Township board refused to pay them for doing the same, which the town board claim they had not ordered. Their petition in mandamus was to compel the board to pay them for the work performed. The defense claimed that the road was not a necessity for the general public and should not be paid for by the township. The court denied the petition.

Margaret Simpson vs. Ebenezer Simpson, divorce decree granted.

Bertina Hoover vs. Charles S. Hoover, divorce continued.

Lucile Hahn vs. Lloyd Hahn, divorce, decree denied.

John T. Woodhouse vs. Earle W. Dawson, a case that had been pending for more than one year, was discontinued.

The jury that had been impaneled reported but were not called into service and were excused early in the session. They were as follows:

Lloyd E. Marlowe.....Beaver Creek
E. Roe.....Frederic
A. McClain.....Grayling
A. R. Caird.....Lovells
Albert Vallad.....Maple Forest
John Routson.....South Branch
Henry Borchers, Sr.....Beaver Creek
H. L. Abrahams.....Frederic
Frank Freeland.....Grayling
Joseph Duby.....Lovells
William G. Feldhauser.....Maple Forest
Wade Hoagland.....South Branch
Jens Hanson.....Beaver Creek
Eli Forbush.....Frederic
Harry Feldhauser.....Grayling
Arthur Howse.....Maple Forest
George L. Royce.....South Branch
G. Frank Taylor.....Beaver Creek
Albert Lewis.....Frederic
Abe Joseph.....Grayling
Carl Parsons.....Maple Forest
Conrad Welnes.....South Branch
Frank L. Millikin.....Beaver Creek
O. P. Schumann.....Grayling

WOULD SELL RUBBER STOCK TO GRAYLING INVESTORS.

Leonard Eichorn of Bay City was in Grayling Monday in the interest of the Wildman Rubber company of Bay City, hoping to interest local investors in the purchase of stock in that organization.

Mr. Eichorn visited a number of the local business men in the city and in the evening thru the courtesy of the Grayling Board of trade met a number of our business men at their club rooms. He explained the merits of the Wildman company and told of some of their plans and expectations, and also something of the personnel of the organization.

The company is organizing with an authorized capital of ten million dollars, shares being sold in blocks of two shares of preferred stock at \$100 each and one of common of no par value for \$250, the preferred bearing 7% interest and participating in the earnings up to 10%.

The president of the company is W. W. Wildman of Akron, Ohio, who has been engaged in the manufacture of rubber for 23 years. L. C. Mac-

Gregor is vice president and has been connected with the sales end of the rubber tire business for the past ten years. The secretary of the company is James C. McCabe, former secretary of the Bay City Board of Commerce, and a man well known to many Grayling people.

A plant for the manufacture of tires is now under construction in Bay City by the company, which they expect to have in operation by next September. The officers are an enthusiastic lot and Bay Citizens are looking to this to become their best manufacturing industry.

There has been a lot of manufacturing stock sold in Grayling during the past years the most of which does not seem to have done well for the purchasers and it may be taken for granted that our business men will look carefully into the Wildman organization and make careful study of the prospects of the success of this company before putting their money into it. The fellow who never took a chance never got very far but the fellow who unwittingly plunged taking chances on the element of luck alone, was gambling luck against good judgment and it would be only by good luck that he might win. If Wildman Rubber stock is a good investment it will bear the most careful analysis—investigation by persons of experience in finance and industry. Advice from such may usually be safely followed.

KNIGHTS OF COLUMBUS CIRCUS AND BALL WELL ATTENDED.

The Knights of Columbus circus and ball given at the High School gymnasium, Friday evening of last week was a well attended affair and also proved to be a very enjoyable affair.

The spacious gymnasium wore the air of a circus ground. A large canvas tent had been stretched across the top-most part of the room and the large pole in the center and ropes that were tied on all sides made it secure. Bunches of toy balloons were tied about the poles and at one side of the grounds were seated the minstrel circus band such as almost every circus company carries. They wore attractive uniforms, red in color and trimmed in black braid. For some time previous to the beginning of the performance, they played continuously, and also during the whole performance their musical selections were enjoyed by the audience.

The entire company made a grand entrance at 8:30 o'clock, and Benjamin Delamater as ring master, and dressed in high style made the various announcements. Acrobats during the first act did some clever jumping and diving stunts from a high platform. There was bicycle riding by Gordon Davidson and Emerson Brown, both doing clever stunts while the bicycle was in motion. The "bucking Ford" performed and there was a boxing match between Ronald Hanson and Lover LaGrow, which caused much laughter.

Numerous clowns kept the audience good natured with their comic acts and sayings. Others taking part otherwise than those mentioned were Francis LaGrow, Harold McNeven, Owen Cameron, Howard Ayotte, Gordon Chamberlin, Thorwald Peterson, and Colburn Charlefour.

The entire company was in line for the grand finale, when they buried John Brown, after which the floor was cleared and the guests enjoyed the remainder of the evening in dancing. Music was furnished by the Citizens' band. During the evening ice cream cones were served from a booth in one corner and at 11 o'clock lunch was served. The party broke up at about 2:30 o'clock after everyone had had a most enjoyable evening.

COMING.

A. S. Allard, Eye sight specialist of Cheboygan will be in Grayling at Shoppenagons Inn Tuesday, January 25—one day only. I have just returned from Chicago, where I took a post graduate course at the Northern Illinois college. My equipment is modern and u-t-a-date, and I devote my entire time to examining eyes. Difficult cases a specialty. Remember the date.—Tuesday, January 25. Adv. A. S. Allard, O. D.

GRAYLING OPERA HOUSE.

Program for Week

Advance program beginning Thursday, January 13th, 1921.

THURSDAY EVE.
Going Some—Goldwyn Special
A Snub Pollard Comedy.

FRIDAY EVE.
Vive La France—Dorothy Dalton
Fox News.

SATURDAY EVE.
Little Miss Hoover.
Behind the Screen Comedy—
Charlie Chaplin

SUNDAY EVE.
In Wrong—Jack Pickford
International Weekly.

MONDAY EVE.
Trilby—Clara Kimball Young

TUESDAY EVE.
The Terror—Tom Mix.

WEDNESDAY EVE.
The Lost City, No. 6—Serial
Movie Chats and 2 Reel Comedy.
Coming James Oliver Curwood Production.
"THE RIVER'S END."



(Edited by X, Y and Z.)

Boom-a-lacka! Boom-a-lacka!
Bow-wow-wow!
Chick-a-lacka! Chick-a-lacka!
Chow-chow-chow!
Boom-a-lacka! Boom-a-lacka!
Who are we?
Grayling High School!
Rah! Rah! Reel!

J. B. Buehler, Physical director of the high school issues the following basket ball schedule for the Grayling High School team:

January 14—Grayling at Gaylord, boys and girls.
January 21—Cheboygan at Grayling.
January 25—Grayling at Boyne City.
January 28—
February 3—Grayling at St. Ignace.
February 4—Grayling at Cheboygan.
February 11—
February 18—Boyne City at Grayling.
February 25—St. Ignace at Grayling.
March 4—Wolverine at Grayling.
March 11—Grayling at Wolverine.
March 18—Reserved for Kalkaska or Tournament.
March 25—Gaylord at Grayling—boys and girls.

The girls' games have not been scheduled yet.

Miss Loomis (Chem. Lab.)—"What is hydrogen peroxide for?"
Earl Nelson—"Bleaching hair."
(Oh Earl!)

The basket ball teams will leave Friday to play the Gaylord High school teams. This will be their first game of the season. As to what line-up of players will be used, no information has as yet been given out. We trust that our teams will represent the school to their full value.

There are to be two mass meetings held in the school Wednesday and Friday morning. Yells, songs and cheers are being distributed to the students. Earl Nelson has been appointed cheer-leader and he will act in that capacity for the entire basket ball season. We hope that our student body will do its share in producing a successful team.

One of the big factors in girls' basket ball was carried thru Saturday afternoon in the school gymnasium. A girls basket ball tournament was held in which five teams participated. The tournament was carried thru in grand style, and the results obtained were very satisfactory. This tournament was held in order to gather all the players or teams together, and then the best players were to be picked. A series of four games were played to decide which was the strongest team, and who the outstanding players were on the other teams. The tournament proved to bring out the above desired results in an exceptionally good manner. However it did not bring out any stars, due to the fact that each team displayed team work of the right kind. Some girls proved to be very good guards and others proved to be very good basket shooters.

As a whole some very good material was displayed and a promising girls basket ball team will be obtained in the near future. The following girls were chosen—the judges to be the first and second teams: R. Olson, L. Salling, R. Selling, H. Brown, J. Hermann, R. McCullough, E. Schumann, A. Larson, B. Collins, R. Taylor, L. McDonald, H. Hanson. The first team will be obtained after a week of practice together. The coaches of the teams present

were Miss Joseph and Miss Johnson. The games were refereed by the coaches each one refereeing a half of each game. Miss Joseph is to coach the first and second teams, while Miss Johnson will coach the other teams.

Games for the girls are being arranged: The girls team will leave Friday to meet the Gaylord High school girls at Gaylord.

The tournament in general was conducted and arranged by Physical Director J. B. Buehler.

Miss Loomis was absent from school Thursday and Friday of last week. She was in quarantine for scarlet fever. Mr. Smith took her classes.

Room No. 44 has been divided, the part supposed to be used for a Physics Laboratory is Miss Jones' room.

First Freshie—"Have you heard about the new instrument in the High School Orchestra?"
Second Freshie, "No, what is it?"
F. F.—"The Shoe Horn. They say Hester's going to play it."

The teachers are going to have a "pot luck" supper at Mr. Smith's "domicile" Thursday evening. Do teachers know anything about cooking? You'll tell us Mr. Smith, "after the lunch is over."

Hit 'em high,
Hit 'em low,
Yea team
Let's go!

INSTALLATION OF OFFICERS.

Ladies of Camp Wagner No. 10, National League and Camp Wagner No. 33, National League of Veterans and sons will hold a joint installation of officers at the G. A. R. Hall, Thursday evening, January 20, to begin at 7:30 o'clock.

Olive M. Knapp, of Saginaw, national president will be present to install the following officers:

Ladies' National League.
Pres.—Phoebe Johnson.
1st. Vice—Emma Knibbs.
2nd. Vice—Prudence Marshall.
Chap.—Myrtle Corwin.
Treas.—Margaret Mitchell.
Sec'y.—Mabelle Doroh.
Marshal—Hazel Ewalt.
Asst. Marshal—Minnie Yoder.
Sentinel—Delia Mathieson.
Pickett—Maud Owens.
Organist—Charlotte Flagg.
National League of Veterans and Sons.
Col.—Edwin Chalker.
Lt. Col.—Bert Mitchell.
Major—Benville Yoder.
Chap.—Wm. Goodhall.
O. of D.—Harold Clifton.
O. of G.—Glen Owens.
Sentinel—Scott Wiley.
Pickett—George Collins.

Members of both camps are cordially invited to be present.

NOW IT'S A PUBLIC LIBRARY.

There has been some talk of late in our village of the need of a public library. This is not the first time that this matter has come up and one of these days we are going to find someone capable and willing to go ahead and champion the cause in such a manner that the project will be put across. The need of a public library is keenly felt in this community, especially to those who have been privileged to witness the good effects such an institution has upon a community. There has been some suggestion of securing the old Presbyterian church and convert it into a library building. The Nels Michelson home has been mentioned and no doubt this would be par excellence in fitness. It is possible that the latter place might easily be procured if the backers of the project could show conclusively that there was an organization back of them and that they meant business. We believe this is a matter for consideration by the Village council. They should bear the burden of expense in the maintenance of a public library. Taxes are high we know but a well

conducted public library is a necessity in every well organized community, just as are our public schools and churches. A library is not a place of amusement nor a place for idleness but a place second only to our public schools as a place of learning and inspiration. Better educated men and women mean better citizens for our community and better governed municipalities and possibly lower taxes. Taxes seem to be uppermost in the minds of our people these days but it will not do to forget the finer things of life, things inspirational and refining just to save a little money. Let's cut out the ex-

pense elsewhere than by the curtailment of things essential to character uplift and personal edification.

INCOME TAX IN A NUTSHELL.

WHO? Single persons who had net income of \$1,000 or more for the year 1920; married couples who had net income of \$2,000.

WHEN? March 15, 1921, is the final date for filing returns and making first payments.

WHERE? Collector of Internal Revenue for district in which the person resides.

HOW? Full directions on Form

1040A and Form 1040; also the law and regulations.
WHAT? Four per cent normal tax on taxable income up to \$4,000 in excess of exemption. Eight per cent normal tax on balance of taxable income. Surtax from 1 per cent to 65 per cent on net incomes over \$5,000.

C. J. Hathaway, Optometrist of Pontiac, Mich., will be at his office in the B. A. Cooley Jewelry Store, January 11th to 14th inclusive. Have your eyes looked after at that time. 12-23-4.



Paying the Fiddler

The country is recovering from the effects of its orgy of spending. Extravagance, profiteering and unbridled speculation have brought a burden to all. A cry for economy is heard all over the land.

Such conditions have occurred before and will occur again unless checked. In 1874 the Grange adopted its policy of thrift. It declared opposition to excessive salaries, high interest rates and exorbitant profits. It proclaimed the need for the most direct and friendly relations between producers and consumers, that wasteful trade practices might be eliminated.

This program represents the farmer's attitude now—as it did then. The Grange always has adhered to it. It has sought steadfastly to check needless extravagance, both private and public, both individual and governmental.

Our farmers, by reason of sane habits of living, are a great steadying force in the nation. But they need leadership and a common spokesman to widen their influence. The Grange offers you both!

THE COUNTRY GENTLEMAN is in full accord with these principles. It, too, is fighting the farmer's fight. By practical examples it shows how farmers can correct abuses. And it will make you acquainted with up-to-date and profitable farming methods that are being followed all over the country. This, however, is only a part of the help and pleasure you will get in a year's 52 big issues, which now cost only \$1.00. Find out for yourself! Let our secretary care for your order—today!

Crawford Grange No. 934

JOHN BROCKMAN, Secretary
Grayling, Michigan.

ELMER OSTRANDER, Master
Grayling, Michigan.

Dear Secretary: I'm glad to see the Grange being pushed with good advertising. And here's my dollar for THE COUNTRY GENTLEMAN for a year—52 weekly issues. Please forward my order to the Publishers at Independence Square, Philadelphia, Pa.

(My Name) _____
(My Address) _____
(Town) _____ (State) _____

Ford

THE UNIVERSAL CAR

LET THERE BE NO DISCORDS.

If your Ford car is out of tune, there is undoubtedly a very good reason for it. And the best way to find that reason, and have it remedied, is to jump in and drive to our authorized Service station, where one of our mechanics who is thoroughly acquainted with the Ford mechanism and who knows the Ford way to adjust or repair your car, can tune it up in a garage that is properly equipped to give real Ford service. Then, too we never use imitation parts—only the Genuine Ford-made, strong and durable. They wear from thirty to seventy-five per cent longer than the counterfeit parts that are softer and more cheaply made. In fact it is dangerous to human life to use imitation parts, and it is not fair to your Ford car or your pocket book.

We are a part of the gigantic Ford Service organization whose purpose it is to serve the owners of all Ford cars and trucks; we have more than a passing interest in your car.

Prompt service is given on all work—from a minor adjustment to a mot or overhaul. Drive in and see the facts for yourself—there's too much money invested in your Ford car to miss connections with the authorized Ford dealers.

Coupe 745.00 Sedan 795.00
Touring Car, with starter 810.00 Tractor 790.00
Runabout 465.00

Ford Sale and Services
GEORGE BURKE, Grayling, Mich.

Marshall Neilan presents "The River's End" by James Oliver Curwood



GRAYLING OPERA HOUSE

Thursday, January 20th.

Matinee and Evening

WEBSTER—MAN'S MAN

By PETER B. KYNE

Author of "Cappy Ricks," "The Valley of the Giants," Etc.

CHAPTER XIV—Continued.

At 10 o'clock Webster accompanied Mother Jenks home in the carriage, which he dismissed at El Buen Amigo—with instructions to return to the hotel while he continued afoot down the Calle San Rosario to the bay, where Leber's huge corrugated iron warehouse loomed darkly above high water mark. He slipped along in the deep shadow of the warehouse wall and out on the end of the little dock, where he satisfied himself that Leber's launch was at its moorings; then he went back to the warehouse and whistled softly, whereupon a man crawled out from under the structure and approached him. It was Don Juan Cafetero.

"They're all inside," he whispered and laid finger on lip. "They got in half an hour ago, an' divil a soul the wiser save myself."

"Thank you, John. Now that I know the coast is clear and the launch



"We'll Just Cruise Slowly Around and Listen."

ready. I'll go back to the hotel for Miss Kuey."

"Very well, son," Don Juan replied and crawled back under the warehouse.

Half an hour later the sound of hoof beats warned him of the approach of Webster and Dolores in a carriage, and he came forth, loaded in the launch such baggage as they had been enabled to bring, and held the gunwale of the boat while as passengers stepped aboard.

About a half a mile off shore Webster throttled down the motor until the launch barely made steering way. "I would never do to go aboard the steamer before the franks started ashore," he explained to Dolores. "That would indicate a guilty knowledge of coming events, and in the event of disaster to the rebel arms it is just possible Señor Sarros might have pulled enough, if he hears of our flight six hours in advance of hostilities, to take us off the steamer and ask us to explain. So we'll just cruise slowly around and listen; the attack will come just before dawn; then shortly thereafter we can scurry out to the steamer and be welcomed aboard for the sake of the news we bring."

She did not answer, and Webster knew her thoughts were out where the lights on the outskirts of Buena Ventura met the open country—out where the brother she could scarcely remember, and whom, until a month previous, she had believed dead, would shortly muster his not too numerous followers.

In the darkness Webster could hear the click of her beads as she prayed; on the turtle deck forward Don Juan O'Keefe sprawled, thinking perchance of his unlovely past and wondering what effect the events shortly to transpire ashore would have on his future. He wished Webster would relent and offer him a drink some time within the next twenty-four hours. In times of excitement like the present a man needs a drop to brace him up.

Five times the launch slipped lazily down the harbor along the straggling two mile water front; five times it loafed back. The moon, which was in the first quarter, sank. Then Webster's alert ear there floated across the still waters the sound of a gentle purring—the music of an auto-truck. He set the launch in toward Leber's little dock, and presently they saw the door of Leber's warehouse open. Men with lanterns streamed forth, lighting the way for others who bore between them heavy burdens.

"They're emplacing the machine guns in the motor-truck," he whispered to Dolores. "We will not have to wait long now. It's nearly 4 o'clock."

Again they backed out into the bay until they could see far out over the sleeping city to the hills beyond in the west. Presently along the side of those hills the headlight of a locomotive crept, dropping swiftly down grade until it disappeared in the lowlands.

Vickers rapid-fire gun throwing a stream of shells into the cantonments of the government troops on the fringe of the city.

Webster's pulse quickened. "There goes theillery to the south, son," Don Juan called, and even as he spoke, a shell burst gloriously over the government palace, the white walls of which were already looming over the remainder of the city, now faintly visible in the approaching dawn.

"That was to awaken our friend, Sarros," Webster cried. "I'll bet a buffalo nickel that woke the old horse thief up. There's another—and another."

The uproar swelled, the noise gradually drifting around the city from west to south, forming, seemingly, a semicircle of sound. "The government troops are up and doing now," Webster observed, and speeded up his motor. "I think it high time we played the part of frightened refugees. Mouser bullets kill at three miles. Some strays may drop out here in the bay."

He speeded the launch toward La Estrella, and as the craft scurried alongside the great steamer's companion landing, her skipper ran down the ladder to greet them and inquire eagerly of the trend of events ashore.

"We left in a hurry the instant it started," Webster explained. "As Americans, we didn't figure we had any interest in that scrap, either way." He handed Dolores out on the landing stage, tossed their baggage after her and followed; Don Juan took the wheel, and the launch slid out and left them there.

At the head of the companion ladder Webster paused and turned for another look at Buena Ventura. To the west three great fires now threw a lurid light skyward, marking the approach of daylight, that marked the burning of the cantonment barracks. "Ricardo is keeping his word. He's driving the rats back into their own holes."

The weeks of clean living, of abstention from his wonted daily alcoholic ration, had inspired in Don Juan Cafetero a revival of his all but defunct interest in life; conversely, in these stirring times, he was sensible of an equally acute interest in Sobranitean politics, for he was Irish; and flashily indeed is that son of the Green Little Isle who, wherever he may be, declines to take a hand in any public argument. For the love of politics, like the love of home, is never dead in the Irish.

It is instinct with them—the heritance, perhaps, of centuries of oppression and suppression, which nurtures rather than stifles the yearning for place and power. Now as Don Juan turned Leber's launch shoreward and kicked the motor wide open, he too, decelerated against the glare of the city, and at the sight his pulse beat high with the lust of battle, the longing to be in at the death in this struggle, where the hopes and aspirations of those he loved were at stake.

Two months previously a revolution would have been a matter of extreme indifference to Don Juan; he would have reflected that it was merely the outs trying to get in, and that if they succeeded, the sole benefit to the general public would be the privilege of paying the bill. Today, however, in the knowledge that he had an opportunity to fight beside white men and perchance even up some old scores with the Guardia Civil, it occurred suddenly to Don Juan that it would be a brave and virtuous act to cast his lot with the Ruy forces. He was a being reorganized and reborn, and it behooved him to do something to demonstrate his manhood.

Don Juan knew, of course, that should the rebels lose and he be captured, he would be executed; yet this contingency seemed a far-fetched one, in view of the fact that he had John Stuart Webster at his back, ready to finance his escape from the city. Also Don Juan had had an opportunity, in the hills above San Miguel de Padua, for a critical study of Ricardo Ruy and had come to the conclusion that at last a real man had come to liberate Sobranite; further, Don Juan had had ocular evidence that John Stuart Webster was connected with the revolution, for he had not smuggled Ruy into the country? It was something to be the right-hand man of the president of a rich little country like Sobranite; it was also something to be as close to that right-hand man as Don Juan was to his master, Webster; consequently self-interest and his sporting code whispered to Don Juan that it behooved him to demonstrate his loyalty with every means at his command, even unto his heart's blood.

"Who knows," he cogitated as the launch bore him swiftly shoreward, "but what I'll acquit myself with honor and get a fine job under the new administration? 'Tis the master's fight, I'm thinkin'; then, be the same token, 'tis John Joseph Cafferty's, win, lose or draw, an' may the devil damn me if I fall him after 'at he's done for me. Sure, if General Ruy wins, a crook as the master's finger will make me jefe politico. An' if he does—hoo-roo! Hoo-roo!"

With his imagination still running riot, Don Juan made the launch fast to the little dock, down which he ran straight for the warehouse, where the Ruy mercenaries were still congregated, busily wiping the factory grease from the weapons which had been distributed to them from the packing cases. A sharp voice halted him, he paused, waiting, to find himself looking down the long blue barrel of a service pistol.

"Who are you, and what are you doing here?" the man behind the weapon demanded brusquely.

"I'm Private John J. Cafferty, the latest recruit to the Ruy army," Don Juan answered composedly. "Who did you think I was? Private Cafferty to that devil Sarros? Man, dear, lower that gun av yours, for God knows I'm nervous enough as it is. Have ye something ye could give me to fight wit' avier?"

The man who had challenged him—a lank, swarthy individual from the Mexican border—looked him over with twinkling eyes. "You'll do, Cafferty, old timer," he drawled. "and if you don't, you'll wish you had. There's a man for every rifle just now, but I wouldn't be surprised if there'd be a right smart more rifles than men before a great while. Hop yourself to the gun of the first man that goes down; in the meantime, hop into that there truck and keep the cartridge belt for the machine guns full up. You're just in time."

Without further ado Don Juan climbed into the truck. A little citadel of sheet steel had been built around the driver's seat, with a narrow slit in front through which the latter peered out. The body of the truck had been boxed in with the same material and housed two machine guns, emplaced, and a crew of half a dozen men crouched on the floor crisscrossed the belts. Four motor bicycles, with sturdy, specially-built side cars attached, and a machine gun in each side car, were waiting near by, together with a half-dozen country carts loaded with ammunition cases and drawn by horses.

"How soon do we start?" Don Juan demanded anxiously, as he crowded in beside one of his new-found comrades.

"I believe," this individual replied in the unmistakable accents of an Oxford man, "that the plan is to wait until five o'clock; by that time all the government troops that can be spared from the arsenal and palace will have been dispatched to the fighting now taking place west of the city. Naturally, the government forces aren't anticipating an attack from the rear, and so they will, in all probability, weaken their base. I believe that eases our task; certainly it will save us many men."

Don Juan nodded his entire approval to this shrewd plan of campaign and felt to stuffing cartridges in the web belt, the while he whistled softly, unobtrusively, and with puffing, hissing sounds between his snaggle teeth, until a Sobranitean gentleman (it was Doctor Pacheco) came out of the warehouse and gave the order to proceed.

They marched along the water front for four blocks and then turned up a side street, which happened to be the Calle de Concordia, thus enabling Mother Jenks, who was peering from the doorway of El Buen Amigo, to see them coming.

"Hah!" he muttered. "Enery, they're comin'. The worm is turnin'. Enery; 15 years you've wryted for vengeance, my love, but tody you'll get it."

She waddled out into the street and held up her hand in a gesture as authoritative and imperious as that of a traffic officer. "Batter-ry 'alt!" she croaked. She had heard the late Enery give that command often enough to have acquired the exact inflection necessary to make an impression upon men accustomed to obeying such a command whenever given. Instinctively the column slowed up; some of the Foreign Legion, old coast artillerymen, no doubt, came to a halt with promptness and precision; all stared at Mother Jenks.

"Ow about 'arf a dozen cases o' good brandy for the wounded?" Mother Jenks suggested. "An' 'ow about a bally old woman for a Red Cross nurse?"

"You're on, ma'am," the foreign leader replied promptly, and translated the old lady's suggestion to Dr. Pacheco, who accepted gracefully and thanked Mother Jenks in purest Castilian. So a detail of six men was told off to carry the six cases of brandy out of El Buen Amigo and load them on the ammunition carts; then Mother Jenks crawled up into the armored truck with the machine gun crew, and the column once more took up its line of rapid march.

The objective of this unsuspected force within the city was, as Ricardo Ruy shrewdly suspected it might be, poorly guarded. Usually a force of fully 500 men was stationed at the national arsenal, but the sharp, savage attack from the west, so sudden and unexpected, had thrown Sarros into a panic and left him no time to plan his defense carefully. His first thought had been to send all his available forces to support the troops bearing the brunt of the rebel attack, and it was tremendously important that this should be done very promptly, in view of the lack of information concerning the numerical force of the enemy; consequently he had reduced the arsenal force to 100 men and retained only his favorite troops of the guards and one company of the Fifteenth Infantry to protect the palace.

Acting under hastily given telephonic orders, the commanding officer at the cantonment barracks had detailed a few hundred men to fight a rear-guard action while the main army fell back in good order behind a railway embankment which swept in a wide arc around the city and offered an excellent substitute for breastworks. This position had scarcely been attained before the furious advance of the rebels drove in the rear guard, and pending the capture of the arsenal, Ricardo realized his operations were at an impasse. Promptly he dug himself in, and the battle developed into a brisk affair of give and take, involving menager losses to both factions, but an appalling wastage of ammunition.

The arsenal, a large, modern concrete building with tremendously thick walls reinforced by steel, would have offered fairly good resistance to the average field battery. Surrounding it on all four sides was a reinforced concrete wall 30 feet high, with machine gun bastions at each corner and a platform along the wall, inside and 25 feet from the ground, which afforded foot room for infantry which could use the top five feet of the wall for protection while firing over it. There was but one entrance, a heavy, barred steel gate which was always kept locked when it was not necessary to have it opened for ingress or egress. Given warning of an attack and with sufficient time to prepare for it, 100 of the right sort of fighting men could withstand an indefinite siege by a force not provided with artillery heavier than an ordinary field gun. With a full realization of this, therefore, Ricardo and his confederates had designed to accomplish by strategy that which could not be done by the limited forces at their command.

As the column approached the neighborhood of the arsenal, three detachments broke away from the main body and disappeared down side streets, to turn at right angles later and march parallel with the main command. Each of these detachments was accompanied by one unit of the motorcycle mounted machine gun battery with its white crew; two blocks beyond the arsenal square each detachment leader so disposed his men as to offer spirited resistance to any sortie that might be made by the troops from the palace in the hope of driving off the attackers of the arsenal.

Having thus provided for protection during its operations, the main body, normally under Dr. Pacheco but in reality commanded by the chief of the machine gun company, proceeded to operate. With the utmost assurance in the world the armored truck rolled down the street to the arsenal entrance, swung in and pointed its impudent nose straight at the iron bars while the hidden chauffeur called loudly and profanely in Spanish upon the sentry to open the gate and let him in—that there was necessity for great hurry, since he had been sent down from the palace by the presidente himself, for machine guns to equip this armored motorcar. The sentry immediately called the officer of the guard, who peered out, observed nothing but the motortruck, which seemed far from dangerous, and without further ado inserted a huge key in the lock and turned the bolt. The sentry swung the double gates ajar, and with a prolonged and raucous roar of its horn the big car loomed in. The sentry closed the gate again, while the officer stepped up to turn the key in the lock. Instead, he died with half a dozen pistol bullets through his body, and the sentry sprawled beside him.

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At sound of the first shot at the gate, the commandante of the garrison, which had been drawn up in a double rank for reveille roll call, realized he was attacked, and that swift measures were necessary. Fortunately for him, his men were standing at attention at the time, preparatory to receiving from him one of those ante-battle exhortations so dear to the Latin soul.

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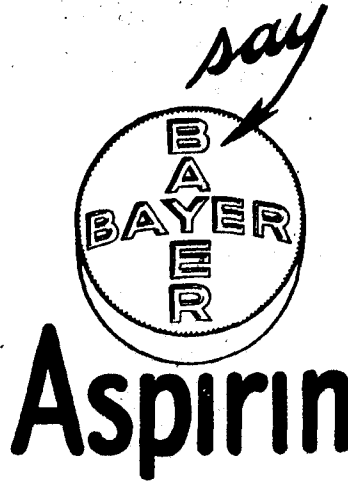
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Then it is Genuine

Warning! Unless you see the name "Bayer" on tablets, you are not getting genuine Aspirin prescribed by physicians for 21 years and proved safe by millions.

Accept only an "unbroken package" of "Bayer Tablets of Aspirin," which contains proper directions for Colds, Headache, Pain, Toothache, Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Neuritis, Lumbago.

Handy tin boxes of 12 tablets cost but a few cents—Larger packages. Aspirin is the trade mark of Bayer Manufacture of Monocaceticacid of Salicylicacid.

BEASTS MAKE GOOD ON FILMS

Eastern Journal Makes Unkind Comparison Between Four-Footed and Human Actors.

It was said at a recent meeting of the London Zoological society that the plan of making, and keeping on record, films of rare animals had been entered upon with considerable success, the natural movements of the beasts having been reproduced on the screen in a most interesting and instructive manner. It is indeed reasonable to suppose that the four-legged film actors may even be more successful, from an artistic standpoint, than their human colleagues; first, because their motions are naturally intelligible without the accompaniment of spoken language; and second, because they cannot be trained, as "movie" performers apparently are, to chop up their movements into a limited number of stereotyped gestures, in more or less regular sequence, which audiences presumably know by heart and may anticipate well in advance.—Christian Science Monitor.

Cuticura Comforts Baby's Skin. When red, rough and itching with hot baths of Cuticura Soap and touches of Cuticura Ointment. Also make use now and then of that exquisitely scented dusting powder, Cuticura Talcum, one of the indispensable Cuticura Toilet Trio.—Adv.

Perfect but Premature. She had big brown eyes that were both temperamental and intelligent. He had thoroughbred nostrils which dilated when she felt; and lips that were scarlet. Many men had expressed admiration for her. She had never loved.

He loved her. He was accustomed to taking what he wanted. He expressed no admiration. He crushed her to him and kissed the big brown eyes and the scarlet lips. She flew into a flaming rage and sent him away, but— She sent for him. He demanded an apology. He tenderly kissed the big brown eyes and scarlet lips. She did not send him away.—From "Bits of Life."

Improved Gunnery in the Navy. Analysis of the gunnery exercises of the American navy during the past year shows that the greatest progress toward efficiency was made by vessels of the battleship class, due to the large number of men aboard such ships and the comparative stability of the personnel. The Navy department considers that battleship gunnery is at present about equal to that of foreign battleships. It is believed that next year vessels of other classes will be brought up as regards gunnery to the level of our battleships.—Scientific American.

Lamps Shine Downwardly. A new form of lamp designed in England maintains a long, horizontal arc especially useful for the overhead lighting of film studios, or for photo printing.

How Fabrics May Be Tested.

The thumb test will help to determine strength and weaving quality of goods. The fabric is held between the forefingers and thumbs, while the knuckles should be forced together, causing a heavy strain on the fabric. Its strength will be shown by the ease or difficulty with which it tears.

A Feeling of Security

You naturally feel secure when you know that the medicine you are about to take is absolutely pure and contains no harmful or habit producing drugs. Such a medicine is Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, kidney, liver and bladder remedy. The same standard of purity, strength and excellence is maintained in every bottle of Swamp-Root.

It is scientifically compounded from vegetable herbs. It is not a stimulant and is taken in teaspoonful doses. It is not recommended for everything. It is nature's great helper in relieving and overcoming kidney, liver and bladder troubles.

A sworn statement of purity is with every bottle of Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root. If you need a medicine, you should have the best. On sale at all drug stores in bottles of two sizes, medium and large. However, if you wish first to try this great preparation send ten cents to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., for a sample bottle. When writing be sure and mention this paper.—Adv.

WHY THE CELT WAS PUZZLED

Visitor's Inquiry Did Seem Unreasonable in View of Statement He Had Previously Made.

A well known physician of New York tells why he does not know whence his ancestors came. Now, he had always understood that his ancestors were Scotch-Irish, and on the strength of that belief had prided himself on their royal blood. Once it occurred to him to go and have a look at the old place whence they were supposed to have come. When he arrived at what he believed was the right district he appealed to an old Irishman to tell him the exact spot.

The Celt regarded him much as one does a crazy man, and then said: "Ye say that your ancestors emigrated from here 200 years ago? Then why the deuce, sir, are ye lookin' for them here now?"

The Reason. The other day a corpulent woman kept her daughter home from school to help with the work. Indignantly the teacher wrote a note

SUPERVISORS PROCEEDINGS

At a regular session of the Board of Supervisors for the County of Crawford, held at the Court House in the village of Grayling, on Monday the 11th day of October, A. D. 1920.

Present: Chas. Craven, J. E. Kellogg, O. B. Scott, A. B. Failing, J. C. Burton, J. F. Knibbs.

Absent—none.

Resolved that whereas the Circuit Court for Crawford County convenes on Tuesday of this week, and whereas courts always take precedence of all things, Therefore be it resolved, that the Board adjourn until Monday afternoon at one o'clock on the 18th day of October, 1920.

Motion made and supported that the resolution be accepted and adopted and that the Board adjourn to above date.

Read, approved and signed.

Frank Sales, Chas. Craven, Clerk, Chairman.

At a regular session of the Board of Supervisors of Crawford County, commenced and held at the Court House in the village of Grayling, on Monday the 18th day of October, 1920 at one o'clock in the afternoon of said day.

Board called to order by the chairman.

Present—J. C. Burton, Chas. Craven, J. E. Kellogg, O. B. Scott, J. F. Knibbs, A. B. Failing.

Absent—none.

Report of the Sheriff read.

Moved by Scott, supported by Failing, that the report of the sheriff be accepted and placed on file with the clerk of this Board.

Resolution by Mr. Kellogg:

Resolved, That whereas, the Michigan Hospital school, a Michigan corporation, with its principal office at Farmington, Michigan, is now at its own expense caring for crippled children who might otherwise be a public charge in this county, and whereas, said society agrees to continue caring for such crippled children so that the same will not become a public charge in this county and whereas the said society is engaged in caring for crippled children, dependent and not feeble-minded which children might otherwise become public charges in this county:

Now therefore, in consideration that the said Michigan Hospital school continues to care for the children of this county, now being cared for by it and without expense to this county, Be it Resolved as a partial payment for the expense thus incurred by the Michigan Hospital school, that this county pays to the said Michigan Hospital school the sum of one hundred dollars.

Dated this 18th day of October, 1920.

Moved by Kellogg, supported by Burton that the resolution be accepted and adopted.

Yea and Nay vote called.

Yea—Craven, Burton, Kellogg, Failing, Knibbs, Scott.

Nays—none. Resolution declared adopted.

Moved by Burton, supported by Kellogg that the Board adjourn until tomorrow morning at eight o'clock.

Motion carried.

Frank Sales, Chas. Craven, Clerk, Chairman.

October 19th, 1920.

Board met pursuant to adjournment.

Roll called; All members present.

Minutes read and approved.

Report of School Commissioner read and placed on file.

Resolution by Mr. Failing:

Agreement entered into by the Board of Supervisors of Crawford County, Michigan and the Michigan Children's Home Society.

Whereas the Michigan Children's Home Society, a Michigan corporation, with its principal office at St. Joseph, Michigan, is now at its own expense caring for the children who might otherwise be a public charge in this county; and Whereas, the said society agrees to continue caring for such children so that the same will not become a public charge in this county; and Whereas, the said society is engaged in caring for children temporarily dependent and taking for adoption and permanently placing homeless children, in the event that said children are under the age of twelve (12) years, and not feeble-minded, which children might otherwise become public charges in this county:

Now therefore, in consideration that the said Michigan Children's Home Society continues caring for the children in this county now being cared for by it, and in consideration that the said society takes for adoption such children as herein before mentioned, for the period of one year and without expense to this county:

Be It Resolved, that, as a partial payment for the expense thus incurred by the Michigan Children's Home Society, that this county pays to the said Michigan Children's Home Society, the sum of two hundred dollars.

Dated this 19th day of October, 1920, at Grayling, Michigan.

Mrs. F. C. Ackerman, Representative of Michigan Children's Home School.

Frank Sales, Chas. Craven, Clerk, Chairman.

Moved by Failing, supported by Kellogg that the resolution for an appropriation of \$200.00 for the Michigan Children's Home Society be accepted, and adopted, and that the clerk be authorized to draw an order for the above amount.

Yea and Nay vote called.

Yea—Failing, Craven, Burton, Knibbs, Kellogg, Scott.

Nays—none.

Motion carried, Resolution declared adopted.

Moved by Kellogg, supported by Knibbs that the report of the Superintendent of the Poor be accepted and that the same be recorded in full in the minutes of this session.

Motion carried.

Report of Superintendent of the Poor.

October 1, 1920.

To the Honorable Board of Supervisors, Crawford County, Michigan:

Gentlemen:

The undersigned Superintendent of the Poor, would hereby respectfully submit the following financial report for the year beginning October 1, 1919 and ending Sept. 30, 1920.

Receipts.

By Bal. on hand Sept. 30, 1919 \$ 87.83

To appropriations by Supervisors 4,000.00

May 15, 1920, collection from Cornell Smith 10.00

Total receipts \$4,097.93

Expenditures.

Infirmity \$1,183.79

Provisions outside infirmity 654.30

Cash allowances 174.00

Funeral expenses 345.56

Transportation 27.80

Drugs and medicine 53.56

Dry goods, shoes and clothing 152.94

Rent—Meggs and Eggers 17.50

Fuel 109.75

Insley & Keyport 270.75

Dr. Leighton 246.15

Mercy hospital 109.75

Nursing cancer cases 194.00

Board 236.00

Paid other counties 20.00

Standard Oil Co. 42.00

Chemo Chemical Co. 115.00

Cleaning chimney, infirmity 4.75

O. P. Schumann, printing 12.00

Desk table 11.45

Township of Frederic 16.67

G. D. Vallad, nursing B. Brown 26.00

Total expenditures \$4,022.66

Recapitulation.

Total receipts \$4,097.93

Total expenditures \$4,022.66

Balance on hand Sept. 30th, 1920 75.27

all of which is respectfully submitted.

We would respectfully ask the honorable Board of Supervisors for an appropriation of \$4,000.00 to defray the expenses of the ensuing year.

The number of inmates at the infirmity September 30, 1920 is four, men, old and infirm averaging seventy years of age.

Signed:

Edwin S. Chalker, Chairman.

A. Taylor, Secretary.

Supt's of the Poor.

Moved by Scott, supported by Knibbs that the settlement with the county Treasurer be made a special order of business for Friday, October 22, 1920. Motion carried.

Resolution:

Resolved that, whereas by Act No. 26 of the Public Acts of 1919, the legislature of this State provided for the creation and establishment of an executive department of government to be known as the State Constabulary, and has provided for the maintenance of said department, and Whereas the several officers and members of said department are by law invested with all the powers of deputy sheriffs in the execution of the criminal laws of the State and of all laws for the discovery and prevention of crime, and with the authority to make arrests without warrant for all violations of the law committed in their presence, including laws designed for the protection of the public in the use of the highways of the State, and with the authority to locate and kill unlicensed dogs, And whereas by the act creating such a department it is made the duty of the commanding officer to provide for the members of said force, suitable uniforms, subsistence, arms, equipment, clothing, quarters and articles necessary for the force and also the expense and means of travel and boarding the force, or members thereof, if necessary, and horses and forage if necessary, and to make such rules and regulations subject to the approval of the governor as are deemed necessary for the control, regulation and discipline of a State Police force, and to establish local headquarters in various places by agreement, lease or otherwise, as to best establish the force throughout the sections of the State where they will be most efficient in carrying out the purpose of this act, to preserve peace and prevent crime, and Whereas, the establishment and maintenance of such a force involves considerable expense to the State; of which Crawford County is called upon to contribute its proportion thereto, and Whereas the purpose for which said force was established no longer exists, and reposing confidence and faith in the local officers and their deputies, of this county, in their ability to maintain peace and order and that such protection and prevention of crime is adequate and sufficient to the needs of this county:

Therefore be it resolved, that this Board protest against the maintenance of said force as a whole and hereby request its representative and senator, at the next session of the legislature of this State to use their best efforts to abolish said department in its entirety.

Resolved further, that the clerk of this Board cause to be forwarded to each county Board of Supervisors, within the State, a copy of this resolution, also a copy to be forwarded to the Representative and Senator of this District after their election to said offices.

Moved by Burton, supported by Kellogg that the resolution relative to the abolishment of the State Police be accepted, approved and adopted.

Motion carried.

Moved by Burton, supported by Failing that a recess be taken until one o'clock this afternoon. Motion carried.

Afternoon Session.

Board called to order.

On motion duly seconded the claims and accounts on file were referred to the Committee on Claims and Accounts.

A recess was declared to enable the Committee to approve the bills and compile their report.

At four o'clock the committee reported as follows:

101 G. D. Vallad, labor with team. 2.50

102 Chas. Corwin, bounty. 1.70

103 A. Trudeau, bounty. .50

104 E. P. Richardson, expense to State hospital. 28.00

105 American Express, charges. 39

106 American Express, charges. 50

107 Hugo Schreiber, Jr., Inquest expense. 36.20

108 R. McEvers, bounty. .50

109 Hugh W. Slaby, serving subpoenas. 1.35

110 John Wakely, bounty. 1.50

111 Chas. Corwin, bounty. 1.50

112 American Express, charges. .81

113 Frank Inman, labor. 7.00

114 Howard Smith, labor. 102.00

115 Grayling Telephone, services. 47.20

116 Grayling Fuel Co., coal. 741.30

REPORT OF COMMITTEE ON CLAIMS AND ACCOUNTS

State of Michigan, County of Crawford.

To the Honorable Board of Supervisors:

Your Committee on Claims and Accounts would respectfully submit the following as their report, and do hereby recommend that the several amounts scheduled herein be allowed, also that the Clerk of this Board be authorized to draw Orders on the County Treasurer for the same.

Claimed Allowed

1 Grayling Township, 471, contagious bill. 10.50 10.50

2 Grayling Electric Co., 472, lights. 11.50 11.50

3 J. A. Cramer, 469, plumbing. 4.32 4.32

4 W. H. Ketzbeck, 473, livery. 10.00 10.00

5 E. Kraus, Justice bill, 474. 28.90 28.90

6 Richmond Backus, 476, supplies. 8.04 8.04

7 A. McClain, 470, Poor Comm'r acct. 28.00 28.00

8 E. Kraus, 470, drawing jury. 2.00 2.00

9 Frank Freeland, 477, drawing jury. 2.00 2.00

10 Central Drug Store, 478, supplies. .80 .80

11 Salling Hanson Co., 479, supplies. 10.62 10.62

12 Clifford C. Curnalia, 480, Medical services. 25.00 25.00

13 Salling Hanson, 481, wood. 17.50 17.50

14 J. H. Shultz, 482, supplies. 2.03 2.03

15 Jess Schoonover, 483, livery. 8.00 8.00

16 H. L. Fitch, 484, expense bill. 24.70 24.70

17 M. E. Hoyt, 485, School Comm'r service. 18.00 18.00

18 C. O. McCullough, 486, County Canvasser. 6.10 6.10

19 Fred S. Drake, 487, supplies. 25.00 25.00

20 Andrew Hart, 488, abstract work (Twp.). 47.10 47.10

21 A. Taylor, 489, re-soldier's burial. 75.00 75.00

22 Crawford County Red Cross, 490, Co. Nurse bill, June 15.63 15.63

23 Crawford County Red Cross, 490, Co. Nurse bill, May 31.25 31.25

24 Callaghan Co., 491, supplies. 6.00 6.00

25 Salling Hanson, 479, supplies. 85.00 85.00

26 Laurel Book Co., 510, supplies. 5.28 5.28

27 Grayling Township, 471, contagious bill. 70.59 70.59

28 Salling Hanson Co., 479, lumber for infirmity. 38.51 38.51

29 L. J. Kraus, 500, supplies. 19.84 19.84

30 Salling Hanson Co., 479, supplies. 7.06 7.06

31 Century Carbon Ribbon Manufacturing Co., 511, supplies. 3.75 3.75

32 J. H. Shultz Co., 512, election supplies. 43.08 43.08

33 W. M. Welch Manufacturing Co., 513, supplies. 11.04 11.04

34 Shaw-Walker Co., 514, supplies. .82 .82

35 Doubleday Bros. Co., 515, supplies. 2.40 2.40

36 Doubleday Bros. Co., 515, supplies. 10.25 10.25

37 Doubleday Bros. Co., 515, supplies. 15.27 15.27

38 Crawford Avalanche, 494, printing. 177.85 177.85

39 John W. Payne, 516, School Ex. bill. 5.00 5.00

40 L. J. Kraus, 517, Court officer's bill. 8.00 8.00

41 A. Taylor, 518, Poor Comm'r bill. 49.73 49.73

42 M. E. Hoyt, 485, School Comm'r bill. 114.25 114.25

43 C. J. Gregory, Road Comm'r supplies, 519. 12.19 12.19

44 C. J. Gregory, Road Comm'r supplies, 519. 196.04 196.04

45 H. H. Shultz & Everard, 520, supplies. 8.81 8.81

46 Doubleday Bros. & Co., 521, supplies. 105.30 105.30

47 E. S. Chalker, 522, Poor Comm'r. 51.10 51.10

48 F. R. Decker, 523, plumbing supplies. 15.45 15.45

49 E. P. Richardson, 493, Sheriff bill. 109.73 109.73

50 N. H. Nelson, 491, laundry. 9.70 9.70

51 Ralph Hart, attending court. 2.00 2.00

52 American Express, charges. .54 .54

53 Joseph J. Royce, bounty. 3.50 3.50

54 Joseph J. Royce, bounty. 3.50 3.50

55 R. Mosher, bounty. .50 .50

56 A. Trudeau, bounty. .60 .60

57 H. Decker, bounty. 1.40 1.40

58 Jesse Diffe, bounty. 1.00 1.00

59 Wesley B. Scott, bounty. 1.50 1.50

10 W. Ferguson, bounty. .50 .50

11 Frank Barber, bounty. 3.40 3.40

12 Herman Miller, bounty. .50 .50

13 Howard H. Smith, labor. 83.15 83.15

14 H. Stephan, bounty. .60 .60

15 J. Porter Royce, bounty. .50 .50

16 J. Porter Royce, bounty. 3.55 3.55

17 Joseph J. Royce, bounty. 1.60 1.60

18 John W. Payne, School examiner fees. 64.56 64.56

19 M. E. Hoyt, School examiner fees. 64.00 64.00

20 M. Otterbein, School examiner fees. 72.00 72.00

21 Bank of Grayling, supplies. 7.50 7.50

22 Grayling Telephone, services. 2.10 2.10

23 Grayling Electric Co., services. 8.06 8.06

24 Shaw-Walker, supplies. 7.85 7.85

25 Burroughs Adding Machine Co., supplies. 1.00 1.00

26 L. A. Potter Stamp Co., supplies. 9.31 9.31

27 R. Hanson & Sons, wood. 3.50 3.50

28 R. Hanson & Sons, wood. 10.50 10.50

29 R. Hanson & Sons, wood. 22.50 22.50

30 Doubleday Bros. & Co., supplies. 21.25 21.25

31 Doubleday Bros. & Co., supplies. 44.00 44.00

32 Doubleday Bros. & Co., supplies. 39.00 39.00

33 Salling Hanson Co., supplies. 18.00 18.00

34 Salling Hanson Co., supplies. 21.00 21.00

35 Salling Hanson Co., supplies. 16.63 16.63

3

Sick Person Suffers and Loses His Money

Carelessness in compounding prescriptions may entirely destroy the desired working of medicine or the use of inferior or deteriorated drugs may impair the effects and in either case the patient is the sufferer and also financial loser.

We use diligent effort and the latest scientific methods every day in our prescription work. We know how important it is. And when a prescription leaves this drug store we know that it is chemically pure and also is compounded correctly.



PETERSEN'S GROCERIES

We have just received by Express—a supply of fresh Codfish, Halibut, Flounders and Eels at very low Prices.

Our Stock of Fancy and Staple Groceries is large and complete and we guarantee our Prices against the lowest.

Here are a few Specials for Saturday:

1/2 Bbl. of the Best Bread Flour.....	\$1.53
Coffee, Arbuckles, only.....	25c
Pineapple, Hawaiian, a can.....	45c
Plumes or Pears, 20 oz. cans.....	15c
Plums, 28 oz. can.....	25c
Sugar, per pound.....	10c
Lard, Compound.....	16c

Your Grocer. H. PETERSEN Phone No. 2

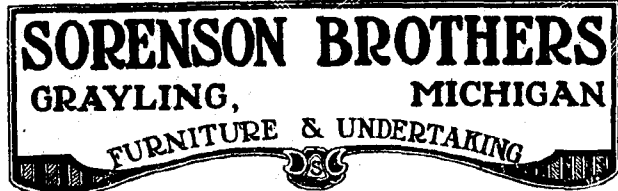


Thoughts of Home

THERE'S NO PLACE LIKE HOME—especially the home that is liberally furnished with up-to-date furniture.

Good furniture—the bright, cheerful kind, such as the prevailing styles exerts an almost unrealized influence for good over every member of the household—a subtle influence which could be best understood were one to be transferred to a home where such things were unthought of, or to a point far removed from civilization.

Surround Yourself with Good Furniture.



THE SIMPSON CO.

PHONE
FOURTEEN

Grocers

PROMPT
DELIVERY

OUR ECONOMY LIST FOR SATURDAY

Red Raspberries in heavy syrup, can.....	47c	Wax Beans, Choice grade, 3 cans.....	40c
Black Berries, Richelieu brand, can.....	47c	Corn, Xtra low price, 2 cans.....	25c
Peaches, Fancy in heavy syrup, can.....	33c	Salmon, choice grade, 1 lb. can.....	29c
Lima Beans, Richelieu brand, 2 cans.....	49c	Chili Sauce, 10 oz. Bottle, each.....	23c
Corn, Richelieu, little kernel, 2 cans.....	43c	Green Peas for soups, 2 pounds.....	19c
Tomatoes, Richelieu Brand, solid pack, 2 cans.....	49c	San Marto Coffee, 2 pounds.....	65c
Peas, Telephone style, 2 cans.....	49c	Kellogg's Corn Flakes, 2 pkgs.....	25c
Pumpkin, Richelieu, large can.....	25c	Calumet Baking Powder, lb. can.....	23c

THE Richelieu STORE

CRAWFORD AVALANCHE

O. P. Schumann, Editor and Proprietor

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

One Year.....	\$2.00
Six Months.....	1.00
Three Months.....	.50
Outside of Crawford county and Roscommon, per year.....	\$2.50

Entered as second class matter at the Postoffice, Grayling, Mich., under the act of Congress of March 3, 1879

GRAYLING, THURSDAY, JAN. 13

LOCAL NEWS

GRAYLING, THURSDAY, JAN. 13

Everett Buchanan is visiting old friends in the city.

Mrs. Helge Thorgaard left Monday for her home in Bay City.

Otis Wheeler of Bay City spent Sunday here the guest of Miss Agnes Mayo.

Mrs. John Benson was in Detroit for a few days last week the guest of friends.

Mr. and Mrs. Louis Martin are the proud parents of a baby son born to them last Sunday morning.

Chris Scow is absent from his duties for Salling Hanson Co. suffering with an attack of rheumatism.

If you can use a new winter hat now is the time to buy. Prices very low—\$1.50 to \$7.50 at Redson & Cooley's.

Mr. and Mrs. Anthony Trudeau had as their guests over Sunday, Mrs. Taylor and Miss Edith Cross of Bay City.

Mrs. H. Hoxie of Traverse City is visiting her daughter Mrs. Harvey Trudo and family at the home of Thomas Trudo.

George Corwin returned Tuesday to Northville, after spending several weeks visiting his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Orson Corwin.

Miss Bessie Brown has been absent from her place at the Model bakery entertaining the grip the past couple of weeks.

There will be a regular meeting of Grayling Chapter No. 83 O. E. S. Wednesday evening, January 19th, beginning promptly at 7:30.

Miss Flavia Robertson returned to Detroit Saturday night after spending the holidays with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Peter Robertson.

Mrs. Ed. V. Barber returned Wednesday last week from Cadillac after spending ten days visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. U. R. Layman.

After a ten days' visit with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. A. F. Gierke, Mrs. Einar Rasmussen returned Monday night to her home in Monroe.

Mr. and Mrs. John Zeder have taken up temporary quarters in East Jordan for the winter as Mr. Zeder is employed for the M. C. R.R. in that section.

John Chernick has returned to Norfolk, Va., to join his ship, the U. S. S. Nevada, after spending a 15 day furlow with his father in South Branch township.

Chris Hemmingson returned the fore part of the week from a few weeks' visit in Detroit and was accompanied home by his son Walter, who is spending a few days here.

Mr. and Mrs. Alonzo Richardson, who have been visiting their daughter Mrs. Cameron Game and family for several weeks returned Thursday afternoon for their home in Marion.

Mr. and Mrs. James Olson, previously returning to their home in Crawford after spending the holidays here with relatives spent a few days with Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Larson of J. H. Hennesburg.

Floyd Malloy, traveling salesman for the National Biscuit company was in Grayling Monday on business and calling on old friends. Mr. Malloy who formerly made this territory now traverses one farther north.

Mrs. A. H. Kidston left Monday afternoon to attend the funeral of Miss Alice Howey of Sterling, who passed away that morning after a brief illness. The young lady was a guest at the Kidston home over Christmas.

The K. of C. basket ball team was defeated by the Grayling Independents in that city Wednesday night. The boys say Grayling has a fast team and that the local fans will see a great game when the team comes here.—Cheboygan Democrat.

Fr. E. J. Walters was in Alpena the first of the week in attendance at the funeral of Mgr. T. D. Planney pastor of St. Bernard's parish of that city for a number of years. He was taken ill in Kalamazoo, while visiting there and passed away.

A good line of children's hats at \$1.50 at Redson & Cooley's.

A fine line of hats at \$2.50 at Redson & Cooley's. Please call.

A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. Fred Carr the first of the week.

O. P. Schumann was in Bay City on business Friday and Saturday of last week.

Mrs. James Reynolds was called to Twinning this week by the illness of a little grand child.

O. S. Hawes of Detroit was in the city on business last week returning home Friday afternoon.

Ed. McCray of Caro was a guest at the home of Mr. and Mrs. E. G. Clark Saturday and Sunday.

The South side school was closed until this morning since Monday, the furnace needing some repairs.

Pat's orchestra went to Roscommon this afternoon to furnish music for a dancing party, to be given this evening.

Masquerade Dancing party next Wednesday, Jan. 19 at High School gymnasium given by American Legion. Don't miss it.

There will be installation of the officers of the Woman's Benefit association next week Friday, January 21. District deputy, Mrs. Emma Salt will be present.

Mr. and Mrs. A. H. Kidston entertained Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Bonlander and a couple of other gentlemen of Cheboygan over the Knights of Columbus party.

The executive officers, with their wives or husbands, enjoyed a social pot luck dinner at the church dining room Wednesday evening. There were about thirty present.

There will be a regular meeting of Grayling Post No. 106, American Legion at Temple Theatre next Monday evening, January 17. Everybody please come as your help is needed for the big masquerade ball.

Mrs. C. A. Canfield was hostess to the members of the "Bridge" club Tuesday afternoon. There were 17 present and everyone had a fine time. Mrs. Marius Hanson held the highest score.

Mrs. Howard O. Scarlett of Detroit arrived this afternoon to spend a few days visiting the Misses Nola and Odie Sheehy. Mrs. Scarlett will be remembered as Irene LaSprance.

Mrs. Arthur Schragger of Chicago is a guest at the home of her sister, Mrs. M. Brenner for a couple of weeks. Mrs. Schragger was formerly Mabel Marienthal, who made her home in Grayling for several years.

The following announcement appeared in the Bay City Times-Tribune in one of its issues of last week: Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Mayo of Grayling, Michigan, announce the engagement of their daughter, Emmeline Mae, to Arthur J. Russell of this city.

Rev. Gabriel Sanderson, a former pastor of Frederic about eight years ago, and who will be well remembered by the folk of that village, suffered a stroke of paralysis last Sunday, and is in a serious condition. Rev. Sanderson was supplying in J. H. Hennesburg during the absence of a pastor of that place when he was taken ill.

Mr. P. G. Zalsman says, the report on Christmas seals will be made as soon as all the rural schools report. He says that he is extremely gratified over the results. The receipts are much larger than for any previous year. He hopes to have the official report ready soon, at which time announcement will be made of the grades and others who have won prizes in the contest.

The Kerry & Hanson Flooring mill which has been closed down since the early part of December began operations last Monday. The mill had not been closed down in fifteen years before, only for repairs. During this time needed repairs were made. Some departments of the mill, which had not been in operation since before Christmas, resumed work Monday also.

C. J. Hathaway of Pontiac is in the city on business and also is shaking hands with his many friends. While here he is looking after the wants of some of his old optical patrons. He opened an examination room at his old stand, now the Gift Shop. He was accompanied by his son Milton, who is visiting among his young friends. They will return home last of the week.

George Sorenson, Judge of Probate desires to announce to the Public of Crawford County, that he will have a standard space concerning Probating. Same will be found on the top space in the Directory of last page in the Avalanche. Furthermore, he is calling the attention to all Administrators, guardians etc., that they must attend to their duties as the law requires. Otherwise steps will be taken for new appointments to fulfill their respective duties. 1-13-2

Local Post American Legion wish to announce that they have arranged to have a costume come from Detroit next Wednesday, Jan. 19 with a fine line of costumes. They will be on display at the Board of Trade rooms, and for one day only—January 19. Procure your costume at that time for the big masked party that will be given in the evening at the School gymnasium by this organization. You will want to be "dolled up" for the occasion. The boys guarantee that the suits will be in A No. 1 condition.

The ladies of the Woman's Club entertained the members of the Good-fellowship Club Tuesday evening with a lecture given by S. F. Gingerich of the U. of M. His subject was "The effect of the War on America and American Literature." They invited also the public and a fair number were present. It is surely a very creditable thing for any club or society to bring any able speaker like Prof. Gingerich into the community and these present felt very kindly toward the Woman's club for making the effort. A violin solo, "Sweet Little Woman O'Mine", by Floy Little Bartlett, was nicely rendered by Miss Kathryn Clark, and a quartet composed of the Misses Parr, Boody, Wescott and Thompson gave a musical number, both of which added much to the pleasure of the evening. Miss Hazel Abbott was accompanist. The particular solo rendered by Miss Clark was played by request of the club members. She had rendered it on two previous occasions.

Our Greatest January Clearance Sale

is now in full swing.

Great Bargains in every Department

The Sale of Men's Suits

and Overcoats at

1-2 off

is creating a stir. Suits

and Overcoats at

\$10 and up

Shoes

1-4 off

the low present market

prices.

Greatest Sale in the History of this Store—Take advantage of the many bargains.

Grayling Mercantile Co.

The Quality Store
Grayling

Blankets, Dress Goods,
Outings, Percales, Cotton,
Toweling, towels, Aprons,
Underwear and Hosiery--

All Reduced.

Coats at 1-2 off

Muslin Underwear at

1-3 off

ELDORADO NUGGETS.

Mr. and Mrs. James F. Crane left Saturday for Louisville, Ky. where they expect to spend the remainder of the winter at the home of their daughter, Mrs. Morton Kline. En route they will stop for a few days in Battle Creek.

Mrs. John McMaster returned to Grayling Monday after a short stay at her home on the AuSable.

The Funch family spent Sunday at the George Royce home.

While cranking his gasoline engine Conrad Wehnes accidentally slipped and fell on the moving fly wheel, receiving an ugly bruise near his right eye, but was not hurt otherwise.

Mrs. Margaret Wehnes has returned from South Branch where she has been spending a few months with her daughter, Mrs. Ernest Dennis.

News reached here that Henry Hager, formerly of Luzerne, and well known here, now residing at Fairview, while driving with his family Sunday, attempted to drive up a steep, icy hill. Failing to make the top, the car slid backward down the grade and over the edge of the hill and overturned. Mrs. Hager's face was badly cut, the shoulder of one of his daughters was dislocated, and he suffered some severe bruises.

NOT IF AS RICH AS CRESUS.

If you were as rich as Ceresus you could not buy a better remedy for constipation than Chamberlain's Tablets. They are easy and pleasant to take and when the proper dose is taken produce a mild and gentle effect. They also strengthen the digestion. Adv.

E. C. Silverthorn, Eye Sight Specialist and Registered Optometrist, will be at the Shoppenagons Inn on Thursday, Jan. 20th. Eyes carefully examined and Glasses fitted. Extreme care given Children. One day only Thursday, January 20th. 1-6-2

FREDERIC LOCALS.

Mr. L. A. Gardner has been appointed Poor Commissioner.

Mrs. William Terhune is in very poor health. Her sister from Canada is with her at the present time.

Supervisor Craven was a Grayling caller last Tuesday.

Rev. Terhune was a Grayling caller last Tuesday.

Mr. Eli Forbush and Mr. Ervin Roe were in Grayling this week serving as jury men.

Mrs. Sheldon's mother has gone to her home in North Dakota.

Mr. John Well's daughter, Dina is very low at this writing.

Mrs. Nancy Batterson and Mrs. Forbush were Grayling callers last Tuesday.

Our teachers are all back in their schools again after two weeks' vacation.

Dr. Leighton is around again after a short illness.

The Ladies' Aid meets at Mrs. Ervin Roe's next Wednesday.

Mr. D. Williams and wife of Cadillac who are doing evangelistic work called on some of their friends in Frederic one day last week.

RIVERVIEW NEWS.

Geo. Atwell was a caller in town.

J. H. Grover was to his farm in Gladwin County for a few days.

Tom Ingersall was taken sick in Matt's camp and had to return to his home in Dibert.

Geo. Weldon of Flint was here for a few days.

James Grover returned home and is working in camp for Ed Matt.

Ernest Manu of Manistee is a guest of the Bromwell family.

Mr. and Mrs. John Wilcott are cooking in camp for Ed Matt.

SAVED FROM KNIFE BY TIMELY ACTION.

Battle Creek Woman Tells How Goitre Was Reduced by External Home Remedy

Note: It would be illegal to publish these statements if they were not true.

Mrs. Roy E. Ashley, 316 Cherry St., Battle Creek, Mich., says in her own home paper, the Enquirer-News: "Sorbol Quadruple has saved me from an operation. It relieved me of terrible headaches, nervousness, staggering, choking and fainting spells. I was hoarse at times and had many sleepless nights. My goitre has been growing seven years. After I had used Sorbol Quadruple 3 weeks it was 1 1/2 inches small. I cannot praise Sorbol Quadruple too much. My neck does not bother me any more. I will be glad to help anyone by answering inquiries."

Sorbol Quadruple comes in small bottles containing enough for most cases. It will not stain or irritate. Does not interfere with regular work. Leaves parts in healthful, normal condition. Requires 10 minutes daily.

Get further information at Lewis' Drug Store, drug stores everywhere or write Sorbol Company, Mechanicsburg, Ohio. Adv.

FOR A PERSISTENT COUGH.

Some years ago H. P. Burbage, a student at law in Greenville, S. C. had been troubled for a long while with a persistent cough which he says, "greatly alarmed me, causing me to fear that I was in the first stage of consumption." Having seen Chamberlain's Cough Remedy advertised he concluded to try it. "I soon felt a remarkable change and after using two bottles of the small size was permanently cured." Adv.

Saturday Specials

EXTRA SPECIAL!

We have a few pair of Soo Wool Pants we Will Sell at per pair

\$3.75

WAREHOUSE.

Potatoes, per bu.....	85c
No. 1 Timothy Hay, per ton.....	\$26.50
Re-cleaned White Oats, per bu.....	75c
Cracked Corn, per 100 pounds.....	\$2.65
St. Car Feed, per 100 pounds.....	\$2.65
Red Hen Chicken Feed, per 100 pounds.....	\$3.40
Middlings, per 100 pounds.....	\$2.85
24 1/2 pounds Sacks Gilt Edge Pastry Flour.....	\$1.35

White House Coffee, per pound.....	43c
Jello, 3 for 25c	
Beans, per pound.....	6 1/2c
Large Pkgs Quaker Oatmeal.....	32c
90c Green Japan Tea.....	65c
Whole Rice, per pound.....	12c

SALLING HANSON
COMPANY

STATE NEWS

Dundee—A. D. T. & I. freight train backed into the railroad station here and almost demolished it.

Cadillac—Warning has been given by the postmaster that "spooners" caught in the corridor of the postoffice will be prosecuted.

Kalamazoo—Right Rev. Msgr. Thomas Dowd Plannery, 68, of St. Bernard's parish, Alpena, died in New Rogness hospital here, after a short illness.

Adrian—An increase of more than 50 per cent in the birth rate and a decline of 5 per cent in the death rate for 1920 over 1919 are reported in Adrian.

Marquette—After a day's search the body of Makar Szecko, 28 years old, a lumberjack, was found hanging by a piece of bell cord from the cab roof of a locomotive.

Kalamazoo—There were 230 di vorces granted in Kalamazoo County in 1920, one-fifth the number of marriages. Births increased from 1,134 to 1,347, a gain of 20 per cent.

Bessemer—Robbers backed up a sleigh at the door of Herman Katelus' home here and hauled away a safe weighing 350 pounds. Katelus said there was only \$35 in the safe.

Potosky—More than 74,000 trout eggs have been shipped here from Grand Cascedia River, Canada, to be planted in Michigan streams for breeding with the domestic brook trout.

Corunna—Joseph McDonald, an engineer formerly employed by the state, has been appointed construction engineer of Shiawassee County by the board of supervisors at a salary of \$3,200.

Traverse City—Dr. G. A. Holliday has been elected commander of the Holliday Post, American Legion. The post was named after his son, Lieut. Harry Holliday, who was killed in France.

East Lansing—Progress made in draining large areas of swamp land in Michigan will be reported at the third annual meeting of the Michigan Muck Farmers' Association, which opens here Feb. 1.

Grand Rapids—Three buildings in the center of the business district of Ada, a small village east of Grand Rapids, were burned at a loss of about \$10,000. For a time it was feared the town would be wiped out.

Muskegon—John W. Ward, former city engineer of St. Johns, is under arrest in Astoria, Oregon, on a charge of bigamy. Ward is said to have married a society woman in Seattle while having a wife in Michigan.

Kalamazoo—A proposition to create an office for a purchasing agent for Kalamazoo county is being given serious consideration by the supervisors. There is every indication that action of a favorable nature will be taken.

Iron Mountain—Four liquor law violators received jail sentences ranging from three to six months from Judge R. C. Flammigan of circuit court here. The sheriff was ordered to make the prisoners work hard whenever possible.

Muskegon—Peter Larson, 76, veteran employee of the wood yards of the Central Paper company, was killed while taking his first vacation in 18 years. Larson was deaf and while strolling about, was run down by a slowly moving switch engine.

Paw Paw—With officials searching for Charles P. Cox, missing highway engineer for whose arrest a warrant was issued on a charge of embezzlement and larceny, petitions are being circulated in Van Buren County asking the abolition of the present road system.

Cheboygan—A mountain of sawdust south of this city which has been a special attraction to tourists for years may become an asset if recent experiments by the Government prove that it can be utilized as food for cattle. It is said that a new stock food has been developed from sawdust.

St. Clemens—Chris Schulz, a member of the board of road commissioners, has resigned, rather than go into court to determine when his term expires. Schulz was elected when the term extended to May 1, but recent legislation has changed the term to expire Jan. 1. All of the present members of the board claim they are entitled to serve until May 1.

Iron Mountain—As the result of an altercation over the United States taking part in the world war, Fred Julian, of Norway, is dead and his stepson, Joe Castlax, is in jail charged with murder. Julian and Camello Pedrotti were arguing over the war and when Julian denounced this country, Castlax told them to quit talking. Julian hit Castlax and knocked him off a chair. The latter procured a gun and when Julian rushed at him, he said to have fired. Castlax claims self-defense.

Kalamazoo—Mrs. Charity Potter, 84, widow of the late Allen Potter, died at her home here. Her husband was the first mayor of Kalamazoo and served as congressman from the Kalamazoo district for several terms under Grant's administration. She was a resident of Kalamazoo since her marriage in 1845. She was related by blood or marriage to 50 or more prominent residents of the city. Her husband was the first hardware merchant in Kalamazoo. She recently celebrated the seventy-fifth anniversary of her wedding.

Standish—H. M. Barnes, of Grand Rapids, has just purchased 1,184 acres of land in Clare county and stocked it with 1,100 western lambs, which he will feed for the winter, and then greatly increase his herd in the spring. This is one of several big ranches in northeast Michigan purchased by outsiders during the past few months. At St. Helen, Geels, Roscommon, Prescott, West Branch, Hale, South Branch, and other points, there are big ranches in successful operation, stocked with sheep, cattle, hogs, some goats and horses.

Cadillac—Four deaths and 10 births, the smallest number on record, were reported here in December.

Deerfield—An outbreak of 12 cases of scarlet fever has caused the closing of the public schools here.

White Cloud—Electorals here by 12 to 3 voted to deed 100 acres of land to the Michigan park commission.

Soo—Fred Glingress of Marquette, pressman for the Evening News, was crushed to death in the elevator of the newspaper plant.

Ann Arbor—The Washtenaw County board of supervisors passed resolutions favoring the retention of the Michigan State Police.

Pontiac—The Oakland supervisors have rejected all bids for the construction of a new jail because they exceeded the appropriation.

Kalamazoo—Officers of southwest Michigan are looking for Elie Baupre, 55 years old, who disappeared under mysterious circumstances.

Owosso—Shiawassee County spent \$108,000 on road work in 1920, according to the report of the road commissioners to the board of supervisors.

Plymouth—The month-old son of Frank Hayball, a farmer, was accidentally smothered under a blanket which his mother had placed over his crib.

Adrian—The Nase hotel, owned by Mrs. Adelia Nase, and the store of Harry Broderick, of Adrian, at Palma beach, were burned at a loss of \$10,000.

Negaunee—The Oliver Mining Co. is receiving bids for 29 locomotives, two 300-ton steam shovels, and five locomotive cranes for use in its 1921 operations.

Monroe—Monroe county supervisors appointed a committee to ask the supervisors of Lenawee, Jackson and Hillsdale counties to endorse plans for the erection of a joint tuberculosis sanatorium.

Monroe—The applications of Chas. E. Kirby for a temporary injunction to restrain Monroe city commission from issuing \$725,000 waterworks bonds was refused by Judge Jesse H. Root, of circuit court.

Alma—This place claims the smallest fire loss per assessed valuation for any city of its size in the country. Fire Chief Joseph F. Sartor reports 10 fires with \$160 loss in 1920 on an assessed valuation of \$150,000.

Alba—Lumber camps in this section are being flooded by unemployed men from the cities. Owing to the timber shortage, however, many camps are shutting down, and as a result hundreds of men are said to be stranded.

Albion—Two Michigan trips are planned by the Albion College Glee Club. The first will be to Coopersville, Grand Rapids and Rockford next month and in March the club will go to Muskegon and Grand Haven.

Allegan—A hearing was held Jan. 5 on a plea for a permanent injunction to restrain the Eastley Light & Power Co., of Plainwell, from increasing its rates. A temporary injunction was granted at the request of residents of Plainwell.

East Lansing—Addresses by L. Whitney Watkins, of the state board of agriculture, and George W. Dickinson, of Detroit, will feature the meeting here, Feb. 12 and 13, of the Michigan Improved Live Stock Breeders and Feeders' Association.

Cadillac—Fred C. Wetmore lost the skid chain from his automobile and advertised offering a reward for its return. He got it back but he has been so tormented by other finders of chains that he has had to advertise he has recovered his property.

Ann Arbor—Four robbers entered the home of Mrs. Maria Almendinger, ordered Mrs. Almendinger and her two daughters to remain quietly in bed, ransacked the house and ate a lunch in the kitchen. They left with \$20 cash and two gold watches.

Ann Arbor—In the arrest of Claude W. Wood, of this county, and Harry Wood, who was apprehended in Jackson, the officers here believe they have secured two of the three young men who are responsible for the several burglaries in this vicinity recently.

Traverse City—This city has been notified by W. D. Rich, state sanitary engineer, that unless a complete survey of the city water and sewer system is filed with the State Board of Health by Jan. 21, the state will begin proceedings against the city officials.

Pontiac—Help of the American Legion is being asked by brothers of Anson Best to take to the supreme court his appeal for a new trial denied in circuit court. Best, a former service man, is serving a life sentence for murder of Vera Schneider, a telephone girl.

Kalamazoo—Myron Rushmore obtained a divorce from "his shadow," after he told Judge Weimer his wife was so jealous of him she would follow him wherever he went. She even followed him to the former barber-shop, he said, and hid behind a tree until he came out.

Iron Mountain—The organization of the Iron Mountain National bank was completed at a meeting of the stockholders here. Those elected were: President, Cleo McQuillen; first vice-president, Charles E. Parent; second vice-president, Claude H. Millman; directors, Z. P. Rousselet, John O. Bixt, Felix Valenti, John J. Flannigan, Olaf Rian and Dr. H. Beilheimer. The new bank expects to open for business Feb. 15. The Flannigan group has been bought for \$34,500. Next spring a fine banking house and business block will be built.

Lansing—New Year's day marked the completion of 25 years of service on the supreme court bench of Michigan for Justice Joseph B. Moore. Justice Moore is the oldest member of the bench in point of service. He was for eight years judge of the sixth judicial circuit and prior to that time was mayor of Lapeer. Justice Moore has never missed a sitting of the court by reason of illness and his judgment is held in high esteem by his fellow justices. Joseph H. Steere became chief justice on New Year's day, succeeding Justice Moore.

Standard Oil Has Monopoly. Washington.—The Standard Oil company, through long time contracts, has a monopoly in the production, transportation and marketing of petroleum and petroleum products throughout the entire Rocky mountain section, declares a report sent to congress by the Federal trade commission. A complaint of unsatisfactory conditions resulted in an inquiry into the situation in the Salt Creek, Wyoming field, and investigation later was broadened to include the entire region.

Illinois Gets Lincoln's Book. Springfield, Ill.—The historic volume of Blackstone's Commentaries, from which Abraham Lincoln first studied law, may find a final resting place, encased in glass, in the office of the Illinois attorney-general. The book shows the result of a bath it received when Lincoln dropped it in a stream when he stumbled on a cross log. He had borrowed the volume from Judge Pitcher and, it is said, weeded the judge's garden to pay for the damage done.

Parcel Post For City Delivery. St. Paul, Minn.—Seven stores, including the largest department store, make all their city deliveries by parcel post, and have discontinued their separate delivery systems. In March, 1918, the venture was made by one department store and gradually other concerns have taken it up, until now a majority of the St. Paul department store purchases for city delivery are distributed to the homes in United States mail wagons and trucks through the parcel post method.

Pastor Sued For \$25,000. Passaic, N. J.—The Rev. Cornelius Densel, who recently made a dramatic and repentant reappearance after more than a month's absence, was sued for \$25,000 by the girl who was with him on the trip from which he told his flock, "The Lord had brought him back." Miss Trina Handenberg, 26 years old, avowed ex-sweetheart of the clergyman, alleges fraud, claiming he deceived her with a promise of marriage. She also charges defamation of character.

Art Criticism. A concealed painter in Brooklyn named Tilton, carried away by his enthusiasm for his own productions, declared at a studio tea to a group of his devotees: "After all, there are but three great painters—Titian, Tintoretto and Tilton." When the remark was repeated to Mrs. W. W. Storey, mother of the eminent painter, Julian Storey, she exclaimed: "Well, the only thing I know to equal the 'Assumption' of Titian is the assumption of Tilton."

G.O.P. CONVENTION HELD IN DETROIT

FEBRUARY 17 MEETING WILL CHOOSE CANDIDATES FOR STATE OFFICES.

DATE SET FOR COUNTY MEETS

One Delegate Allowed Each County For Every 500 Votes Cast at Last Election.

Lansing.—The Republican state convention will be held in Detroit on Feb. 17. Arrangements for the convention were completed at a meeting of the state central committee held here last week. Burt D. Cady, chairman of the state committee, was unable to attend and for the first time since his election as vice-chairman of the state central committee, Miss Nina West of Port Huron, presided.

Two candidates for seats on the state supreme bench, two regents of the University of Michigan, superintendent of public instruction, member of the state board of education, two members of the board of agriculture, state highway commissioner and chairman of the state central committee will be chosen at the Feb. 17 meeting. Detroit gets the convention for the first time in eight years.

The county conventions will be held on Monday Feb. 7, and at that time delegates to the state convention will be named. Because of the heavy vote cast at the last election, the central committee found it necessary to reapportion the county representation and it was decided to allow one delegate for each of the 500 votes cast for secretary of state at the last election. Previously one delegate was allowed for each 200 votes cast.

The number entitled to seats is placed at 1,504, of which Wayne county will furnish 438. A resolution drawn by Chairman Cady and presented by Judge John Austin of Highland Park, endorsing the appointment of Col. Charles B. Warren, Detroit, for a position in President-elect Harding's cabinet was adopted by the central committee.

EIGHT FAIR DIRECTORS RESIGN Secretary Dickinson Denies \$10,000 Bonus Is Cause of Break.

Detroit.—Eight directors of the Michigan State Fair association resigned last week giving as the reason the granting of a \$10,000 bonus to George M. Dickinson, secretary-manager of the association, in addition to his \$15,000 yearly salary.

In a statement Mr. Dickinson denies that the bonus is the cause of the resignations, stating that it was granted by unanimous action of the board at its Dec. 15 meeting.

"It will be a pleasure to get my under-the-cover critics in a position where they must either show the facts or keep their silence," says Mr. Dickinson.

A meeting of the board will be held in Detroit on January 17 at which time the matter will be taken up.

CATLIN MARQUETTE WARDEN

Appointments to Prison Board Also Announced Last Week.

Lansing.—Theodore B. Catlin, deputy warden of the State House of Correction and Branch Prison at Marquette for 18 years and acting warden since the death of James Russell, was made warden of the prison at a meeting of the prison board with Gov. Groesbeck.

Catlin's selection followed the appointment by Gov. Groesbeck of two members of the board to fill vacancies. John H. Lewis, of Marquette, was appointed to succeed E. C. Anthony, of Negaunee, who retired several months ago, and J. P. Kirkpatrick, of Escanaba, to succeed John P. Petermann, of Marquette, who resigned Jan. 1.

FORD ACQUIRES MINING LANDS Upper Peninsula Property Valued at \$381,000; 65,860 Acres.

Marquette.—Two deeds were filed in Marquette county conveying property and mineral rights valued at \$381,000 to Henry Ford, of Detroit. A total of 65,860 acres is involved in the transaction.

The land and mineral rights were previously held by the Michigan Land & Iron Co., of Marquette. The land transferred is mainly in Crystal Falls and Mastodon townships, on which are big bodies of iron ore.

ILLINOIS GETS LINCOLN'S BOOK. Springfield, Ill.—The historic volume of Blackstone's Commentaries, from which Abraham Lincoln first studied law, may find a final resting place, encased in glass, in the office of the Illinois attorney-general. The book shows the result of a bath it received when Lincoln dropped it in a stream when he stumbled on a cross log. He had borrowed the volume from Judge Pitcher and, it is said, weeded the judge's garden to pay for the damage done.

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CATS' CRIMES AGAINST BIRDS. It is estimated that there are 25,000,000 cats in the United States. If one-fourth of this number kill birds, each cat killing only five birds per annum, it would mean over 31,000,000 birds killed by cats each year in the United States; but it has been carefully estimated by Dr. A. K. Fisher that each cat averages 20 birds per annum, and still "Tabby" is exalted to the seat of honor—Los Angeles Times.

CONDEMNED CLASSICS. A concealed painter in Brooklyn named Tilton, carried away by his enthusiasm for his own productions, declared at a studio tea to a group of his devotees: "After all, there are but three great painters—Titian, Tintoretto and Tilton." When the remark was repeated to Mrs. W. W. Storey, mother of the eminent painter, Julian Storey, she exclaimed: "Well, the only thing I know to equal the 'Assumption' of Titian is the assumption of Tilton."

PAUL AND VIRGINIA By SAINT-PIERRE
Condensation by Irving Bacheller

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Yet he found time to write many volumes, of which the world remembers one: "Paul and Virginia" he created two figures which have caught the popular imagination not only of France but of every country where books are read.

IN THE year 1728 a young man of Normandy brought to the Isle de France his young wife, whose family was of noble blood. Shortly afterward he was taken with the fever and died, leaving her alone on the Isle.

Estranged from her family and without means, the young widow made her way to an uninhabited island where she could cultivate the soil without the payment of rent, and there she built a rude home for herself and her little child, a daughter whom she named Virginia.

At the same time another woman with a son named Paul settled on the same island, and the two women, mutually grateful for aid and comfort, became fast friends, although they had been of different stations in life.

CLARENCE J. McLEOD



Clarence J. McLeod, a Detroit attorney, enjoys the distinction of being the youngest man ever elected to Congress. He represents the Thirtieth Michigan district and was elected last November to fill a vacancy.

Mr. McLeod is an ex-service man and since the opening of the present session has interested himself in the welfare of former service men, especially those maimed and crippled.

FIRE COSTS LIVES OF TWO

Girl Falls From Fifth Story When Rescue Is Attempted.

Traverse City.—One woman was killed, another died while being taken to a hospital, several other persons were injured and firemen were overcome by smoke in a fire in the Wilhelm block, a five-story structure, which was destroyed with a loss of \$75,000.

Miss Leona Way, 22 years old, fell five stories to the pavement, while firemen were attempting to rescue her from the roof. Mrs. Patrick Dockery, 74 years old, was overcome by smoke and died on the way to a hospital.

The fire is believed to have originated from a backfire in a heating plant, filling the corridors with smoke and gas, which prevented the occupants from locating the fire escapes. One hundred and fifty persons were in the building when the fire broke out.

ORDERS PACKER DISBANDMENT

Court Gives "Big Five" 30 Days to Complete Plans.

Washington.—All proposals thus far advocated by the "big five" meat packers for divesting themselves of their stockyard interests were rejected by Justice Stafford in the district supreme court. The companies were given 30 days in which to submit new plans.

At the same time the court warned that unless the defendants proposed plans that would meet requirements outlined, it would "feel obliged to appoint officers to take title to the stockyards in question and to hold the same subject to the order of the court until suitable agreements can be made to have it disposed of in accordance with the terms and purposes of the decree."

PLAN TO ELIMINATE STRIKES

Standardization Plan Will Be Discussed by Canadian Builders.

Ottawa.—Elimination of strikes and labor disputes in the building industry of Canada is contemplated in a plan to be considered by the Association of Canadian Building and Construction Industries.

The plan will be discussed in the annual session in Winnipeg, beginning Jan. 19. Under the scheme wages would be standardized by sections throughout the dominion, and a standard contract form used.

GRAND RAPIDS FLYER KILLED

Plane Used for "Stunts" Crashes to Ground and Burns.

Arcadia, Fla.—Lieut. Raymond Brandt, of Grand Rapids, Mich., and Cadet A. C. Pool, of Richmond Center, Wis., were instantly killed at Carlstrom aviation field here when an airplane in which they were doing stunt flying crashed to the ground and burned.

France Cancels Coal Contracts. Paris.—France has a surplus of coal large enough to supply all her economic and domestic needs for the next six months, it was stated by both governmental and commercial authorities. The railway companies and all public concerns are literally glutted with coal, and the purchase of foreign coal has almost ceased. Of the \$100,000,000 worth of cancelled American contracts, the officials think that about half will be renewed at a price of from \$14 to \$15 per ton.

M. C. R. R. Granted Note Issue. Washington.—The interstate commerce commission announced it has granted authority to the Michigan Central railroad to issue 15 promissory notes, aggregating \$3,950,000, and one 10-year promissory note for \$613,000, and to issue and pledge \$507,000 of the company's refunding and improvement bonds, series B, as security for the \$613,000 note. The proceeds of the 50 notes are to be used for new equipment, and additions and betterments to existing equipment.

Vacancies In Revived Board. Washington.—President Wilson would have to fill at least one of the two vacancies on the board of directors of the revived War Finance Corporation before it could make any considerable number of loans for financing exports with a view to according relief to farming and other industries. This statement was made by treasury officials after the resolution became a law through passage by the house over the President's veto.

DeValera Back in Ireland. Dublin.—Eamonn de Valera, "president of the Irish republic," denies that the Sinn Fein is making peace overtures to England, says the Freeman's Journal in a forecast of De Valera's forthcoming manifesto. De Valera's return to Ireland was announced last week, after he had disappeared from New York.

Office Building For Trainmen. Cleveland.—The Brotherhood of Railroad Trainmen closed a deal for purchase of a site at Superior avenue and West Ninth street for a new eight-story modern office building, one-half of which will be used as general offices of the brotherhood. The cost of ground and building approximates \$700,000.

Evaders Fully Prosecuted. Washington.—Attorney General Palmer has informed the house judiciary committee that the department of justice "has made every effort to procure indictments or information against all persons guilty of violation of the selective service act" and that "it is not believed that any considerable number of persons guilty of a willful violation of the act have escaped the notice of this department and its investigators."

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Washington.—Telephone communication between Cuba and the United States is promised before spring by the Cuban-American Telephone and Telegraph Co. of New York, which received a permit from the state department to land three submarine cables from Havana at Key West, Fla.

Sentenced For "Stealing" Engine. Chicago.—For stealing a locomotive—six months in jail. That was the sentence given by Federal Judge K. M. Landis to Daniel Abogast and Thomas McDermott, of the Chicago yardmen's union, who turned an engine loose in the railway yards last August during an unauthorized strike of switchmen.

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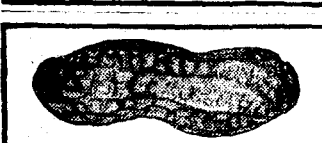
Vacancies In Revived Board. Washington.—President Wilson would have to fill at least one

Back Giving Out?

Is backache making you miserable? Do you feel all worn out—as if you just can't keep going? Likely your kidneys are to blame. A cold, strain or overwork has probably weakened the kidneys and caused that dull back-ache and annoying kidney irregularities. Don't ignore these warnings. Use Doan's Kidney Pills. Doan's have helped thousands. They should help you. Ask your neighbor!

A Michigan Case

Mrs. Wm. Trudell, 84, Iron Mountain, Mich., says: "My back ached continually and I was unable to do any work. I was miserable. My kidneys weren't acting properly. Doan's Kidney Pills were recommended and I purchased several boxes. They cured me." Get Doan's at Any Store, 60c a Box. **DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS**. POSTER-MILBURN CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.



VIRGINIA PEANUTS

Direct From the Farm. By Special Parcel Post. UNSHIELDED. 5 pounds.....\$1.25. 10 pounds.....\$2.40. 15 pounds.....\$3.45. 20 pounds.....\$4.40. Our peanuts are special fancy hand-picked selected stock, grown in Sussex county, famous as the "heart of the Virginia peanut belt." They are unequalled in flavor and quality. Buy raw and eat in their natural state like other nuts or roast them in oven or gas range or cook-stove by simple directions in each package. Send check or money order. Sent same day order is received, delivery guaranteed. **OAK FOREST PEANUT FARM**, Waverly, Va.

SWEETENS THE STOMACH

Bulgarian Blood Tea

taken hot at bedtime kills colds, guards against "flu," grippe and pneumonia. Sold by druggists and grocers everywhere.

Mentioning No Names. "The department of agriculture announces a bumper crop of nuts." "We've already met some of 'em."

FELT TIRED AND WORN-OUT ALL OF THE TIME

Was Extremely Nervous. Could Not Sleep at Night. Appetite Had Also Gone.

SHE TOOK HYPO-COD

"I was working so hard with very little rest I became all rundown, and felt tired and worn out all the time. My nerves were simply gone to pieces, and I didn't want to eat and I couldn't sleep at night, so after hearing so much about Earle's Hypo-Cod I decided to try it. "I only had to take a couple bottles before I was feeling good again. That tired feeling left me and I felt better than I had in years, and it fixed my nerves good too and eat—I couldn't get enough to eat and I rested fine at night, so my husband, being in about the same condition as I was, decided he would try it and now we both think there is nothing like Hypo-Cod for a general tonic and nerve tonic. We can't say enough for it, for we would like everyone needing a genuine tonic and health builder to try Hypo-Cod before anything else, for I know they will save time and money, for it certainly doesn't take this tonic long to do the work," declared Mrs. Minnie Smith, 554 Second Ave., Detroit, Mich.

It only takes a few days for a good tonic to drive out that tired feeling, to steady the nerves and increase the appetite and make one feel like doing a real day's work as a rule. Thousands of people have taken Hypo-Cod and say that it is just wonderful the way it quickly does the work and puts you back on your feet feeling fine. It is not a secret patent medicine. The formula appears on each bottle and being made by the nationally known Earle Chemical Co. assures you of quality. Druggists, chemists and experts assert it is the most powerful constructive tonic of its kind made. Take home a bottle today, you will be delighted with its pleasant taste and how nicely it does the work. Earle's Hypo-Cod is sold by all good druggists.—Adv.

Many a man would have kept out of hot water had he stuck closer to cold water.

Sure Relief

BELLANS INDIGESTION. 6 BELLANS Hot water Sure Relief **BELLANS FOR INDIGESTION**. Children's Coughs. **PISO'S**. W. N. U., DETROIT, NO. 3-1921.

The American Legion

(Copy for This Department Supplied by The American Legion News Service.)

DAVIS FACES IMPORTANT JOB

Prominent Illinois Legion Man Heads Committee on Hospitalization and Vocational Training.

Gen. Abel Davis, who has been appointed chairman of the committee on hospitalization and vocational training of the American Legion, is a front-line soldier who won the Distinguished Service Cross and Croix de Guerre when he commanded the One Hundred and Thirty-second Infantry in France.

General Davis was born in Chicago and received his education in Chicago schools. He attended Northwestern university, and served as a member of the Illinois legislature and also held the position of recorder of deeds of Cook county, Illinois. He is now vice president and trust officer of the Chicago Title and Trust company.

The military career of General Davis dates back to 1897, when he enlisted in the Illinois National Guard. He served as a private in the Spanish-American war and remained in the army afterwards. He attained the rank of major, and served for some time on the Mexican border. After a short period at Camp Logan with the One Hundred and Thirty-first Infantry, he was promoted to colonel and given command of the One Hundred and Thirty-second Infantry, which participated in a number of major offensives in France. He has received the rank of brigadier general in the Illinois National Guard.

PEOPLE FAVOR BONUS BILLS

New York, New Jersey, Washington and South Dakota Sanction the Proposition.

The passage of soldier bonus bills in New York, New Jersey, Washington and South Dakota by overwhelming majorities at the November elections is unquestionable proof of the public's recognition of veterans' claims, is the opinion advanced in an editorial which appeared recently in the American Legion Weekly.

"One-fourth of the five million men who served in the army and navy live in states which have shown their sense of justice by awarding compensation," the writer says. "Three-fourths of the veterans of the World War live in thirty-six states which have not faced the issue—in most of them because there have been no recent sessions of state legislatures."

"The United States senate will soon pass on the question of national compensation for World War veterans. Facing them squarely is the Fordney bill, adopted by the lower house. This bill will meet every test of justice. It is in accord with the sentiment of the people of the country as attested by the state bonus elections. Its passage by the senate will mark the fulfillment of a national obligation. The state bonuses are the expressions of a desire by the people to give a square deal. They do not lessen in any degree the federal responsibility, which cannot be avoided on the plea of state generosity."

NORTON IS NAMED ORGANIZER

World War Fighter Appointed Organizer of the Vermont Department of the Legion.

In keeping with the policy of the American Legion of electing real fighting men for its officials, Henry L. Norton, fifty years old, a fighter for four years and seven months in the Canadian and American armies during the World War, has been appointed organizer of the Vermont department of the Legion. Mr. Norton enlisted in the Canadian engineers in 1914, and served with them in France until 1917, when he received a commission in the American army. He served with the Three Hundred and Seventy-second Infantry, attached to the One Hundred and Fifty-seventh French brigade from its arrival in France March 18, 1918, until he was discharged in February, 1919.

There Are Fronts and Fronts. A mud-spattered doughboy slouched into the Y hut where an entertainment was in progress and slumped into a front seat.

Firm, kindly and efficient, a Y. M. C. A. man approached him saying: "Sorry, buddy, but the entire front section is reserved for officers."

Warily the youth rose.

"All right," he drawled, "but the one I just got back from wasn't."—American Legion Weekly.

Meeting Place in Panama. Due to the fact that most of the buildings in the canal zone owned by the government, particularly those suitable for a meeting place for posts of the American Legion, the Panama department of the Legion had some difficulty in holding meetings. This, however, has been solved, according to a letter from Fred De V. Sill, department commander to Lemuel Bolles, national adjutant, which states that through the courtesy of Governor Harding the administration building

FIVE BILLS UP TO CONGRESS

Legion Legislative Committee is Pressing Passage of Measures Important to World War Men.

Five bills are being pressed by the legislative committee of the American Legion at the present session of congress. Foremost among those in public interest is the Fordney bill, that provides adjusted compensation for all ex-service men, but more important in the eyes of Legion men are the Watson bill, the Rogers bill, the Stevenson bill, and a sundry appropriation bill allowing \$10,000,000 for hospital construction.

The Fordney, or "bonus" bill, passed the house in the last days of the last session of the Sixty-sixth congress. It then was referred to the senate finance committee, of which Senator Boies Penrose of Pennsylvania is chairman. Assurances were given that early hearings would be held on the bill.

The Fordney bill, as it stands now, provides a cash payment for all veterans up to and including the grade of captain, of one dollar a day for each day of home service, and \$1.25 a day for foreign service, with a limit of \$300 and \$325, respectively. Or, the option of the same amount, plus 40 per cent if taken in the form of government certificates, assistance in the purchase of a home or farm or vocational training.

The Fordney bill, however, will be substituted to the other four pet Legion measures, all of which aim at the improvement of the condition of the disabled. In this legislative committee is following the mandate of the second national Legion convention, which went on record that "matters for the benefit of the sick and disabled are of first importance and are to be given preference over all other legislation affecting the welfare of the service men."

The Watson bill provides for 14 regional branches of the bureau of war risk insurance, as many sub-offices as may be necessary, and would make it possible for ex-service men to pay their government insurance premiums at any post office. It relieves from the payment of premiums disabled men in hospitals or taking vocational training and men temporarily disabled. It extends the time in which ex-service men may apply for hospitalization. It is a bill that would improve the efficiency of the war risk bureau and would give justice to the disabled. The Watson bill passed the house unanimously at the last session. It then was referred to a sub-committee of the senate finance committee.

The Rogers bill represents the efforts of the American Legion to obtain cooperation between the bureau functioning for the benefit of disabled ex-service men. It provides for the transfer of the rehabilitation section of the federal board of vocational training and of the public health service to the jurisdiction of the war risk bureau. The plan is to have all the bureau under one directing and responsible head, preferably a new cabinet officer.

The Stevenson bill would establish the same privilege of retirement for disabled officers of the emergency forces as is now enjoyed by officers of the regular army, a privilege already accorded by congress to emergency officers of the navy.

WELL KNOWN TO LEGION MEN

Gilbert Bettman, Chairman of the National Legislative Committee of the American Legion.

Gilbert Bettman, who was recently appointed chairman of the national legislative committee of the American Legion, is well known to many Legion members because he helped to draft the four-fold optional plan of adjusted compensation and, with James G. Scrugham, new national vice commander, presented it before the ways and means committee of the house of representatives.

Mr. Bettman was graduated from Harvard college and the Harvard law school with three degrees, and practiced law in Cincinnati until a short time after the outbreak of the war.

Appointed as assistant to the director of the bureau of war risk insurance, Mr. Bettman served in that capacity until the German offensive of March 21, when he was commissioned captain in the military intelligence division of the general staff.

Mr. Bettman attended the St. Louis caucus of the American Legion and the Minneapolis and Cleveland conventions. He has served as chairman of the war risk committee and as a member of the national beneficial legislative committee.

General Sherman Staff.

It was a perfect French night. In other words, the rain was coming down steadily and the mud was at its stickiest. In "squad" formation—twos, threes, fives and sixes—a regiment of Buffaloes was moving into an alleged rest camp. The accent was on the camp.

The most forlorn of all the forlorn crew staggered against a barracks doorway where he was accosted by a white non-com.

"Well, Sam, whaddya think of this war now? Pretty good war?"

"Boss, dis yeah war never was a good war—and dis last day practicaly done ruined it com'pletely."—American Legion Weekly.

In Ancon has been assigned for use of posts of the Legion and the United Society of Spanish War Veterans.

Holds Patriotic Rally. A patriotic rally which recalled the days of the war was staged recently by Mercer-Braswell post of Demopolis, Ala. A banquet was provided for the men of The American Legion and other veterans and the day's program closed with a large ball given in honor of the former soldiers by the Elks.

Today's Geography



KAMCHATKA: ALASKA'S POOR RELATION.

The Kamchatkan peninsula and the Siberian country between it and the Arctic ocean have attracted international attention since the report of its lease to a syndicate of Americans for the development of its natural resources. This region is a sort of half-sister to Alaska, which was also once Russian territory.

Alaska, the more comely sister, fared forth, so to speak, was sold into the family of the wealthy Uncle Sam, and has had a life rich in excitement and adventure. Kamchatka, the more homely sister, remained under the Russian roof over the west side of Bering sea, and has lived in seclusion. Kamchatka and the country north to Bering strait contain a large area of tundra or Arctic plains; soft, spongy bogs during the few months of summer, frozen, snow-covered wastes in winter. In the higher land immense tracts underbrush spruces up in summer. What little travel is possible at this season is done on the backs of sturdy ponies who must wade up the shallow streams or plod through the sticky swamps. In winter travel is easy. Teams of dogs and reindeer whisk laden sledges over the frozen surface of the streams and across the snow of the tundra at a rate, under favorable circumstances, of 75 miles or more a day. Trails that are virtually highways are beaten down by the teams of the natives bringing their furs—the chief present resources of the country—to the trading posts.

In the summer the curse of the moist regions of the north strikes the Kamchatkan country: swarms of mosquitoes and flies thicken the air and make life miserable for all living things. The nomadic natives flee with their herds of reindeer to the sea coast, where the breezes give some relief.

Though the climate of Kamchatka is rigorous, a Westerner is likely to consider the food of the country more so. Bowls of boiled fishes' eyes are the most popular delicacy in the lower peninsula where the silver horries of salmon run up most of the streams. To the north reindeer meat in some form is the universal piece de resistance, the tongues and marrow bones being prized in particular.

"Cold storage" eggs contribute to Kamchatka's tables. The eggs are obtained from the nests of gulls and other wild fowls and are buried in pits on the frosty north side of a hill until needed. Frozen berries also eke out the winter fare.

"Soup balls," carried by winter travelers, are likely to prove a compensation to western palates. They are small balls of reindeer "sausage" surrounded by a crust of dough, the whole about the size of an English walnut. These balls freeze and are carried in bags like marbles. A handful dropped into a kettle of boiling water produces within a few minutes a delectable and sustaining dish.

The Kamchatkan peninsula proper is about 350 miles in length, and the distance from its roots to Bering strait is an equal distance. Kamchatka lies in the same latitude as the British Isles, while the country north to the Arctic ocean is in the latitude of Norway. The Kamchatka region is bathed by cold arctic currents instead of the warm Gulf stream, and its climate is therefore much colder than that of Britain and Scandinavia.

KOBE, OSAKA AND YOKOHAMA.

Eastern questions will hereafter become for many members of congress more realistic and understandable and therefore sympathetically treated, since their visit to the commercial cities of Japan during their trip through the Orient.

Kobe, Osaka and Yokohama proudly displayed for American observation their busy factories with their interesting products, and bustling docks where junks playing inland waters and foreign-bound steamers are gorging and disgorging freight.

The busy city of Kobe may be entered after a charming trip through the inland sea, that picturesque landlocked basin with four channels to the outer sea, a fairland of islands covered with temples and trees which is famous in Japanese song and story. One writer has called it the Gem of the World. Certainly it is one of the most beautiful sea routes in the world.

Kobe, with its 2,741 acres of excellent harbor, which in modern, up-to-date fashion has been divided systematically into sections for junks, merchant vessels and for dreadnoughts of the Japanese navy, is the most attractive of the treaty ports, and has within the last few years shot ahead of Yokohama in the volume of its commerce, its total trade being about 40 per cent of the whole trade of the country. It ships copper, rice, straw hemp, chip brads for hats, matting, camphor, tea and cotton yarn, and yearly enough passengers land on its docks to make a city the size of Seattle, Kansas City or Providence.

This port, which is now so attractively situated on the hill slopes running down to the sea, was merely a group of fishing huts about fifty years ago when it was first opened to foreign commerce.

Osaka, which has been styled because of its numerous canals and bridges, the Venice of the East, is one of the three imperial cities, and has a population of a million. Here is located the Japanese mint, covering 40 acres, a shipyard having a 1,000-foot frontage, and important factories which make cotton cloth, glass, iron and steel products, boots and shoes, matches and tobacco products. Most of the trade of Osaka, however, since the harbor is unsuited for large vessels, is with the interior.

Japan's other important port, Yokohama, was where Commodore Perry first entered the country in 1854. As the ship steamed out from the city and the picturesque little towns about the harbor faded into the haze, the majestic form of Fujiyama, the sacred mountain still towers in the distance. For those who have climbed its rugged height in the dark before dawn to see the sun rise in splendor over its rim and have peered into the crater of the old volcano, the picture is one they will be glad to bring home with them in their hearts.

GUATEMALA: LAND OF UPHEAVALS AND PROGRESS.

A condition of upheaval, not necessarily from political causes, is nothing new to the republic of Guatemala. This country has wonderfully rich and fertile soil and its climate rarely is equalled.

The city of Guatemala, which is now partially rebuilt, was the scene of one of the most violent earthquakes known in Central American history. This earthquake extended over several months during the latter part of 1917 and the early months of 1918. It began November 17, 1917. On Christmas night in the parks of the city, beneath a full moon in an untroubled sky, the populace huddled watching in fear and misery their homes, the trees, and the earth as well, creep, writhe and twist.

On the night of January 24, the moon again beamed from a cloudless sky upon these people as they saw nearly every remaining edifice in their city tumble in whirlwinds of dust. The tremors seemed to center under the very city itself, and spectators have said that they feared that the earth would give away and a volcano form in the very heart of the city. Houses and bell towers crumbled, water mains were broken, the sewage oozed up in the streets and, in the cemeteries, skeletons were shaken out of their coffins.

One can take a steamer from New Orleans and in three days reach Puerto Barrios, on the Gulf of Amatique, along the sunny eastern shores of the country, where stately palms wave in greeting.

Along this seacoast and farther inland large banana plantations cover thousands of acres. This one comparatively small country raises for its own and the outside world's consumption about ten million bunches of bananas a year. The valley of the Motagua river is considered one of the most densely vegetated regions of the world.

But the most important crop of the state is coffee. In 1918 Guatemala produced about one hundred and ten million pounds of coffee, more than seventy million pounds of which were exported to the United States.

In the mountains of southwestern Guatemala live pure-blooded Indians who have won admiration of travelers for their physique, cleanliness and scrupulous honesty. One visitor tells of trying to buy a ring from an Indian girl, who refused to sell because the jewel was not pure gold, and she did not wish to sell a stranger an imitation.

These Indians wear beautiful shawls with no fringes, dyed in brilliant colors. When brought to this country specimens have withstood repeated washing and the colors have retained their marvelous luster.

ZARA: FAMOUS FOR ITS MARASCHINO AND ITS CHURCHES.

Zara, where Gabriele d'Annunzio landed troops to strengthen his position at Fiume, is ceded to Italy under the terms of the Rapallo agreement between Italy and Jugo-Slavia. This city, noted for its churches and its maraschino, is described in a communication to the National Geographic society by Kenneth McKenzie as follows:

"Starting from Fiume, one sails down the channel called Quarnero, leaving Istria and the Gulf of Quarnero to the right. The Island of Arbe, about half way to Zara, has an old cathedral with a Twelfth-century tower. Coming from Trieste, one skirts the western shore of Istria, stopping perhaps at Rovigno and at Pola. The stay of an hour enables one to get a hurried glimpse of the great amphitheater and other Roman remains of Pola, under Austrian rule, an important naval station and strongly fortified. The language here is chiefly Italian. Istria would well repay the time devoted to a trip of several days; but we pass on, stopping at one or two of the islands, to Zara, the most northerly town of importance in Dalmatia.

"Zara is noted all over the world for its maraschino. Aside from this, however, the town has many attractions to offer. On landing from the steamer in the land-locked harbor, we find ourselves in front of a gate

The Child's Character

So then, you have the child's character in these four things—Humility, Faith, Charity and Cheerfulness. That's what you have to be converted to. "Except ye be converted and become as little children"—You hear much of conversion now-a-days; but people always seem to think they have got to be made wretched by conversion—to be converted to long faces. No, friends, you have got to be converted to short ones; you have to repent into childhood, to repent into delight, and delightomeness.—John Ruskin.

Learn to Know Words Well.

Guesswork didn't make Demosthenes or Cicero or Shakespeare a word master. As to one who has given his best efforts to teach men the right use of words, says: "Milton, mighty magician of majestic prose, under whose wonderful touch words became charmed and electrified; Flaubert, who

believed that there was one and only one best word with which to express a given idea; De Quincey, with his weird power over words, and Lincoln, of simple Saxon speech—these illustrious men were assiduous in their study of words." For that matter, study words carefully if only to increase your conversational power. The greater your knowledge of words, the wider your range of thought will be and the easier you will find it to converse on any subject.—H. Addington Bruce in Chicago Daily News.

A ONE-MAN FLAG—THE PRESIDENT'S.

Most folk know of some of the perquisites that will accrue to the next President of the United States, such as a band which is at his disposal—the Marine band—and the White House conservatories which provide the first lady of the land with flowers, but it is not so generally known that one of the honors bestowed upon the chief executive is a special flag.

This flag is not seen frequently. It does not float over the White House. Its use is reserved, for the most part, for occasions when the President appears in his ex-officio capacity as commander in chief of the army and the navy.

The President's flag consists of the coat-of-arms as they appear on the President's seal, against a blue background, and flanked by four stars. Its history and use are described in the monograph on "Flags of the World" of the National Geographic society as follows:

When the President visits a vessel of the United States, the President's flag is broken at the main the moment he reaches the deck, and is kept flying as long as he is on board. If the vessel can do so, a national salute of 21 guns is fired as soon as possible after his arrival on board. Upon departure, another salute of 21 guns is fired, the President's flag being lowered with the last gun of the salute.

When the President is embarked in a boat he usually directs that his flag be displayed from the staff in the bow of his barge. When he passes in a boat flying his flag, vessels of the navy paying the full guard, four flourishes are sounded on the bugle, the National Anthem is played by the band, and officers and men salute. When the President is embarked in a ship flying his flag, all saluting ships, on meeting her at sea or elsewhere, and all naval batteries, fire a national salute on passing.

Previous to the present order there were two designs displayed on flags and on colors to be used in the presence of the commander in chief of the army and the navy. The navy design was of an earlier date than that of the army, and consisted of the coat-of-arms of the United States, as shown in the Great Seal, upon a blue ground. This happened to be almost identical with the infantry colors. The President's colors were designed to be distinctive from the infantry colors, and consisted of a blue ground with a large crimson star, outlined heavily with white. Within the star was to be seen the coat-of-arms of the United States, and outside the star within its angles were powdered small stars to the number of states in the Union.

Can Can.

All the world before long will be canning American style, if the present rate of progress keeps up. Last year France asked the loan of some canning specialists from the United States Department of Agriculture to teach them the purely American art of home canning. The results were so gratifying that the same group were asked to return this year to give further instruction. They went, and their work everywhere in France was attended with gratifying results.

The director general of agriculture in the little duchy of Luxembourg hearing of the method of preserving fruits and vegetables being taught the French, asked if the American canning experts could be lent to Luxembourg when they were through in France. This was arranged, and the first two weeks in September found the Americans teaching in Luxembourg how to can and dry garden products and how to can meat and fish. From Luxembourg the demonstrators went to Holland where at Amsterdam and other places a series of lectures were given. At the request of the British Department of Agriculture, the canning specialists then went to England and gave demonstrations before the English institute workers. One group is now in Denmark and another in Egypt. Wherever American canning methods are taught the response and appreciation is most gratifying.

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SUPERVISORS PROCEEDINGS.

(Continued from fourth page.)

and directed to cause the same to be spread in said taxable property.

Yea and nay vote called. All members voting yea.

Motion carried.

Appointment of County Road Commissioner.

Moved by Kellogg, supported by Burton that the rules be suspended and the clerk be instructed to cast the entire ballot of this Board for Ralph Hanna as member of the Board of County Road Commissioners for the full term of six years.

Motion carried.

No. ballots six, of which six were cast for Ralph Hanna who was duly declared elected.

Appointment of County Canvassers.

Moved by Scott, supported by Burton that C. O. McCullough, Emmitt Pierce and John A. Love, be and are herewith appointed as members of the Board of County Canvassers for the full term of two years.

Motion carried.

Appointment of School Examiners.

Moved by Kellogg, supported by Burton that the rules be suspended and the clerk be instructed to cast the entire ballot of this Board for B. E. Smith as member of the Board of School Examiners for the term of two years.

Motion carried.

No. ballots cast were six, of which six were cast for Mr. Smith who was duly declared elected.

Appointment of Poor Commissioner.

Moved by Kellogg, supported by Burton that A. McClain be appointed as member of the Board of Poor Commissioners for the full term of three years. Motion carried. Mr. McClain duly declared appointed.

Moved by Scott, supported by Kellogg that Eli Forbush be appointed as member of the Board of Poor Commissioners for the term of one year to fill vacancy. Motion carried. Mr. Forbush duly declared appointed.

Moved by Burton, supported by Kellogg that the Board adjourn until tomorrow morning at eight o'clock.

Motion carried.

Chas. Craven, Clerk.

Friday.

Board met, pursuant to adjournment.

ment. Roll called. All members present. Minutes read and approved.

Moved by Kellogg, supported by Burton that the Board proceed to the settlement with the County Treasurer and that the matter be taken up by the entire Board as a Committee of the Whole.

Motion carried.

Report of the Committee on Finance and Settlement.

To the Honorable Board of Supervisors, Crawford County, Michigan.

Gentlemen:

Your committee to whom was referred the financial report of the County Treasurer, W. Jorgenson, with instructions to settle with that official, respectfully report that they have compared and checked all orders drawn and paid as shown by the County Treasurer's journal and have cancelled said orders and returned them to the clerk.

We have compared and checked all receipts with the entries in the County Clerk's book and the County Treasurer's journal and ledger.

We have compared and checked monthly total receipts and expenditures given in the report, with the entries given in the day book, County Treasurer ledger, and County Clerk's account book. We have added the balance on hand October 1, 1919, to the entries since that date and subtracted therefrom the total expenditures for the balance of the year 1919-20 and find that there was on hand in the County Treasurer's office the sum of \$21,901.54, which said amount was proven to be on hand by the County Treasurer's bank account and cash at the office; we have made a careful examination of the books of the County Treasurer's office and County Clerk's office and find the accounts in said offices are accurate and correct.

We therefore report back to you the County Treasurer's report asking that the same be entered in full in the minutes of this session and filed with the County Clerk, and the committee be discharged from further consideration of this matter.

O. B. Scott, J. E. Kellogg, Committee on Finance and Settlement.

Dated October 22nd, 1920.

Report of County Treasurer

(From October 1st, 1919 to October 1st, 1920.)

To the Hon. Board of Supervisors of Crawford County, Michigan.

Gentlemen: I hereby respectfully submit my report as required by Law, from October 1st, 1919 to October 1st, 1920.

Walmer Jorgenson, County Treasurer.

Grayling, Michigan, October 21st, 1920.

Cash Account.

Oct. 1, 1919, by bal.	\$47,877.80	Oct. 31, 1919, to disb.	\$4,052.69
Nov. 30, 1919, by receipts.	1,490.14	Nov. 30, 1919, to disb.	1,062.69
Dec. 31, 1919, by receipts.	1,493.70	Dec. 31, 1919, to disb.	3,842.50
Jan. 31, 1920, by receipts.	2,442.62	Jan. 31, 1920, to disb.	11,868.98
Feb. 28, 1920, by receipts.	31,731.50	Feb. 28, 1920, to disb.	3,977.64
Mar. 31, 1920, by receipts.	1,171.25	Mar. 31, 1920, to disb.	4,645.98
Apr. 30, 1920, by receipts.	11,171.91	Apr. 30, 1920, to disb.	6,078.50
May 31, 1920, by receipts.	3,712.53	May 31, 1920, to disb.	21,370.96
June 30, 1920, by receipts.	5,019.20	June 30, 1920, to disb.	12,735.32
July 31, 1920, by receipts.	4,991.03	July 31, 1920, to disb.	8,413.41
Aug. 31, 1920, by receipts.	5,532.41	Aug. 31, 1920, to disb.	23,802.68
Sept. 30, 1920, by receipts.	22,116.10	Sept. 30, 1920, to bal.	21,901.54
Sept. 30, 1920, by receipts.	1,515.38		
	\$140,265.57		\$140,265.57

Contingent Fund.

Oct. 31, 1919, to disb.	\$3,054.42	Oct. 31, 1919, by receipts.	284.88
Nov. 30, 1919, to disb.	1,062.69	Nov. 30, 1919, by receipts.	195.06
Dec. 31, 1919, to disb.	1,493.70	Dec. 31, 1919, by receipts.	218.97
Jan. 31, 1920, to disb.	2,442.62	Jan. 31, 1920, by receipts.	22,477.18
Feb. 28, 1920, to disb.	438.50	Feb. 28, 1920, by receipts.	100.06
Mar. 31, 1920, to disb.	1,531.45	Mar. 31, 1920, by receipts.	6,921.86
Apr. 30, 1920, to disb.	3,053.49	Apr. 30, 1920, by receipts.	977.48
May 31, 1920, to disb.	698.94	May 31, 1920, by receipts.	817.82
June 30, 1920, to disb.	2,067.23	June 30, 1920, by receipts.	282.44
July 31, 1920, to disb.	17.75	July 31, 1920, by receipts.	227.18
Aug. 31, 1920, to disb.	2,116.68	Aug. 31, 1920, by receipts.	196.01
Sept. 30, 1920, to disb.	29,679.46	Sept. 30, 1920, by receipts.	290.07
	\$47,647.98		\$47,647.98

Dog Tax.

Sept. 30, 1920, to bal.	631.20	Sept. 30, 1920, by receipts	631.20
	\$ 631.20		\$ 631.20

Soldiers Relief.

Sept. 30, 1920, to disb. for year	105.00	Oct. 1, 1919, by bal.	268.07
Sept. 30, 1920, to bal.	163.07		
	\$ 268.07		\$ 268.07

County Road Fund.

Sept. 30, 1920, to disb. for year	82,815.29	Oct. 1, 1919, by bal.	43,063.24
Sept. 30, 1920, to bal.	28,179.71	Sept. 30, 1920, by receipts	47,931.76
	\$90,995.00		\$90,995.00

Beaver Creek Township.

Sept. 30, 1920, to disb. for year	1,404.22	Oct. 1, 1919, by bal.	91.21
Sept. 30, 1920, to bal.	766.10	Sept. 30, 1920, by receipts	2,079.11
	\$ 2,170.32		\$ 2,170.32

Grayling Township.

Sept. 30, 1920, to disb. for year	10,347.83	Oct. 1, 1919, by bal.	452.45
Sept. 30, 1920, to bal.	1,989.46	Sept. 30, 1920, by receipts	11,884.84
	\$12,337.29		\$12,337.29

Poor Fund.

Oct. 1, 1919, to bal.	178.99	Sept. 30, 1920, by receipts	4,040.00
Sept. 30, 1920, to disb. for year	4,022.01	Sept. 30, 1920, to bal.	161.40
	\$ 4,200.00		\$ 4,200.00

Library Fund.

Sept. 30, 1920, to disb. for year	194.40	Oct. 1, 1919, by bal.	20.00
	\$ 194.40	Sept. 30, 1920, by receipts	174.40
	\$ 194.40		\$ 194.40

Institute Fund.

Sept. 30, 1920, to bal.	19.00	Sept. 30, 1920, by receipts	19.00
	\$ 19.00		\$ 19.00

Unclaimed Fund.

Sept. 30, 1920, to bal.	19.25	Oct. 1, 1919, by bal.	19.25
	\$ 19.25		\$ 19.25

Village of Grayling.

Sept. 30, 1920, to disb. for year	916.48	Oct. 1, 1919, by bal.	383.96
Sept. 30, 1920, to bal.	873.63	Sept. 30, 1920, by receipts	1,426.15
	\$ 1,750.11		\$ 1,750.11

State Account.

Sept. 30, 1920, to disb. for year	14,840.87	Oct. 1, 1919, by bal.	247.25
	\$14,840.87	Sept. 30, 1920, by receipts	12,919.61
	\$14,840.87	Sept. 30, 1920, to bal.	1,673.81

Maple Forest Township.

Sept. 30, 1920, to disb. for year	1,897.46	Sept. 30, 1919, by bal.	18.68
Sept. 30, 1920, to bal.	717.08	Sept. 30, 1920, by receipts	2,095.84
	\$ 2,114.52		\$ 2,114.52

Lovells Township.

Sept. 30, 1920, to disb. for year	702.50	Sept. 30, 1919, by bal.	61.13
Sept. 30, 1920, to bal.	393.66	Sept. 30, 1920, by receipts	1,035.02
	\$ 1,096.16		\$ 1,096.16

Frederic Township.

Sept. 30, 1920, to disb. for year	2,128.19	Oct. 1, 1919, by bal.	87.08
Sept. 30, 1920, to bal.	798.81	Sept. 30, 1920, by receipts	2,837.93
	\$ 2,925.00		\$ 2,925.00

South Branch Township.

Sept. 30, 1920, to disb. for year	1,261.32	Oct. 1, 1919, by bal.	31.28
Sept. 30, 1920, to bal.	513.17	Sept. 30, 1920, by receipts	1,743.21
	\$ 1,774.49		\$ 1,774.49

Balance Account.

Sept. 30, 1920, Cash Account	\$21,901.54		
Contingent Fund	11,325.76		
Institute Fund	19.00		
Poor Fund	161.00		
Village of Grayling	873.63		
Unclaimed Account	19.25		
Dog Tax Fund	631.20		
State Account	1,673.81		
Soldiers Relief	268.07		
County Road Fund	28,179.71		
Beaver Creek Township	2,170.32		
Grayling Township	12,337.29		
Maple Forest Township	2,114.52		
Frederic Township	1,096.16		
Lovells Township	798.81		
South Branch Township	513.17		
	\$35,062.11		\$35,062.11

Moved by Scott, supported by Kellogg that the report of the County Treasurer be approved, accepted and adopted as read and that the Committee be discharged from further consideration of this matter.

Yea and nay vote called. All members voting yea.

Motion carried.

Moved by Burton, supported by Kellogg, that a recess be taken until this afternoon at one o'clock. Motion carried.

Afternoon Session.

Board called to order by the chairman.

All members present.

Moved by Kellogg, supported by Burton that the Commissioner of Schools be authorized to attend the State Commissioners meeting and that the traveling expenses for same be allowed from the general fund of the county, upon submitting of an itemized statement of the amount of such expenses and that the clerk of this Board be and is herewith authorized to draw an order for same upon receipt of said statement.

Yea and nay vote called. All members voting yea.

Motion carried.

Moved by Kellogg, supported by Burton that the Board adjourn until Monday October 25th, at ten o'clock a. m.

Motion carried.

Chas. Craven, Clerk.

Monday.

Board met pursuant to adjournment.

Roll called. All members present. Minutes read and approved.

Report of County Road Commissioners.

To the Hon. Board of Supervisors, Crawford County, Mich.

Chairman:

The following is a summary report of the Crawford County Road Commissioners construction account up to September 30th, 1920.

Work completed, State estimates paid in and due \$33,000.00.

Oats on hand..... 1,800.00

Hay on hand..... 600.00

Straw on hand..... 300.00

Insurance paid..... 800.00

Equipments..... 1,200.00

Credit of Portage Lake road..... 700.00

Credit on freight charges..... 200.00

Credit on straw used..... 200.00

Camps and gravel pits..... 3,000.00

Total expenditures..... 42,400.00

All of which is respectfully submitted.

The Board of County Road Commissioners by John J. Niederer, Chairman.

Dated Sept. 30, 1920.

Your Board of County Road Commissioners further report that the summary expenditures of the general fund account is as follows:

3 Nash trucks..... \$ 2,800.00

Road Maintenance..... 4,000.00

Exploiting for gravel..... 700.00

Tents and bedding..... 200.00

Rents..... 200.00

Commissioners services..... 1,000.00

Miscellaneous..... 1,473.87

Total for the year..... \$10,473.87

All of which is respectfully submitted.

The Board of County Road Commissioners by John J. Niederer, Chairman.

Dated October 1, 1920.

To the Honorable Board of Supervisors, Crawford County, Michigan.

Mr. Chairman:

Your Board of County Road Commissioners beg leave to submit for your consideration and appropriation to following estimate for the ensuing year:

For depository fund..... \$ 5,000.00

To apply on screening plant..... 2,000.00

Equipment..... 2,000.00

Road repair work..... 4,000.00

Trucks..... 8,000.00

Engine..... 1,500.00

Babbit gravel..... 500.00

Barn and storage..... 2,000.00

Total..... \$20,000.00

All of which is respectfully submitted.

The Board of County Road Commissioners by John J. Niederer, Chairman.

Dated October 1, 1920.

Moved by Kellogg, supported by Burton that the report of the County Road Commissioners be referred to the Committee on Roads and Bridges.

Motion carried.

Report of the Committee on Roads and Bridges.

To the Honorable Board of Supervisors,

ant officer..... 800.00

Maintenance-prisoners, in County Jail..... 300.00

Public Health..... 700.00

County Building..... 1,200.00

County Jail..... 800.00

County Jail..... 800.00

County Jail..... 800.00